

CALIFORNIA  
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DAILY



# Times

Los Angeles

BENJAMIN HARRISON AND WHITELAW REID ARE THE NOMINEES.

THE MINNEAPOLIS NOMINATIONS WILL BE RATIFIED THIS EVENING.

ELEVENTH YEAR.

TWELVE PAGES.

SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 11, 1892.

4:35 O'CLOCK A. M.

PRICE: 1 SINGLE COPIES, 5 CENTS; BY THE WEEK, 35 CENTS.

STANDARD PIANOS.  
KIMBALL  
PIANOS.  
—INDORSED BY—  
KUNKEL, September 21, 1891.  
ITALIAN OPERA COMPANY, December 19, 1890.  
METROPOLITAN OPERA COMPANY, May 6, 1890.  
BOSTON IDEAL OPERA COMPANY, November 6, 1890.  
ARDITI, March 4, 1890.  
LEBLING, April 11, 1890.  
LEHMAN, April 27, 1891.  
PATTL, December 16, 1890, and February 6, 1892.  
INDIANA NORMAL SCHOOL, January 19, 1890.  
ALVARY, April 26, 1890.  
NORDICA, January 9, 1891.  
OUR LADY OF ANGELES SEMINARY, March 25, 1890.  
SISTERS OF ST. ALOYSIUS SCHOOL, May 18, 1890.  
BARTLETT'S MUSIC HOUSE,  
103 North Spring St.

AMUSEMENTS.  
GRAND OPERA HOUSE.  
Under the direction of Al Hayman.  
McLain & Lehman, Managers.  
THREE NIGHTS, COMMENCING JUNE 9,  
Matinee Saturday.  
The Dramatic Event of the Season! Joseph  
Arthur's Great Comedy-drama.  
BLUE JEANS!  
With its wealth of attractions, including  
The Great Barbecue Scene!  
The Little Blue Wonder!  
The Raging Sun Boater Band!  
The Realistic Sawmill in full operation!

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.  
Under the direction of Al Hayman.  
McLain & Lehman, Managers.  
Three Nights of Real Good Fun!  
MONDAY, TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY,  
JUNE 13, 14, 15.  
The Inimitable Comedian,  
MR. HARRY K. HARRISON!  
THE FERGUSON AND WACK COMPANY,  
Directed by Charles E. Rice.  
Unlocking the flood-gates of laughter and producing  
an incessant flow of merriment, in  
MCARTHY'S MISAPES!  
A play in which every situation creates a laugh,  
interpreted by players of unusual talent.  
Merry comedians! Pretty girls and Specialists.  
A revelation in laughter.  
Seats now on sale.

NEW VIENNA BUFFET.  
114-116 Court St.  
K. Kerkow, Proprietor.  
Family Entrance. Family Departments.  
FREE REFRESHED ENTERTAINMENT AND  
CONCERT.  
Every evening from 8 to 12 o'clock.  
This week, first appearance of  
THE CELEBRATED  
SUITS SISTERS.

Former favorites of this city.  
NEW VIENNA BUFFET ORCHESTRA!  
MRS. THERESA K. HARRISON!  
FINE COMMERCIAL LUNCH from 11 a.m.  
to 2 p.m. at 114-116 Court St.  
A LA CARTE AT ALL HOURS.


TURKISH BATHS—  
230 S. MAIN ST.  
Vapor, sulphur, complexion, electric massage  
and hairdressing, special baths scientifically given;  
ladies' department open from noon to 6 p.m.  
Saturdays all day; gentlemen's bath open day  
and night.

BUSINESS PERSONALS.  
PERSONAL—FRESH ROASTED COFFEE  
from our new plant coffee roaster, Java  
Mocha, 25c; 1 lb. 50c; 2 lbs. 95c; 4 lbs. 1.75;  
5 lbs. 2.25; 10 lbs. 4.25; 20 lbs. 7.50; 30 lbs. 10.50;  
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## RAILROAD AFFAIRS.

## Mr. Leeds and His Fight with the Commissioners.

He Explains What Were Thought to be Damaging Charges.

## The Eastern Roads of the Southern Pacific Company.

Opening of the Santa Monica Season-Surveyors in Walker's Pass-Work on an Arizona Road-Notes.

The Examiner of Thursday contains some interesting gossip about the struggle between the chairman of the San Francisco Traffic Association and the Board of Railroad Commissioners. That paper says that Railroad Commissioners Rea and Beckman are in such an angry mood toward Mr. Leeds, of the Traffic Association, on account of the energy and persistent purpose manifested by him to try and force the State Commission to do its duty in the matter of reducing local freight rates. It is said that a great deal about him that must make his ears tingle, when talking to his friends in this city, Sacramento and San José. As will be remembered, Mr. Beckman last Monday, at a meeting of the commissioners, read from manuscript a long personal attack on Mr. Leeds, calling him a demagogue and characterizing him as a railroad official who was discharged by Jay Gould and who tried to be reinstated without success.

Mr. Rea is now supplementing this abuse of Beckman's by trying to make capital out of the fact that before Leeds made his ears tingle, when talking to his friends in this city, Sacramento and San José. As will be remembered, Mr. Beckman last Monday, at a meeting of the commissioners, read from manuscript a long personal attack on Mr. Leeds, calling him a demagogue and characterizing him as a railroad official who was discharged by Jay Gould and who tried to be reinstated without success.

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service on the Central Pacific, and are guaranteed to make a steady five miles an hour over a good road. They measured 15 feet from top of dome to rail and the whole boiler stands about 5 1/2 feet above the track.

H. C. Whitehead, auditor of the Southern California Railroad Company, has returned from Chicago, where he attended a national convention of railroad accounting officers.

The season at Santa Monica will be formally opened tomorrow, when the band will play. The Southern Pacific will put on an additional Sunday train, leaving Los Angeles at 9 a.m.

John L. Higginson, formerly a brakeman on the Las Vegas division of the Atlantic and Pacific under Conductor Charles Stevenson, has fallen heir to a life-time annual income of \$1200.

Eleven hundred men are said to be now working on the Santa Fe, Prescott and Phoenix Railroad in Arizona. Twenty-four miles of grading has been done, and track laying will commence about July 1.

The Southern Pacific Railroad Company is rebuilding fifteen miles of track over the Dragon grade. The distance will be lengthened somewhat, but the grade will be reduced to 8 per cent, and the danger of washouts reduced to a minimum.

Dispatches note the presence near Walker's Pass in Kern county of a large party of railroad surveyors. Probably these men are in the employ of the California Midland Company, a local corporation, organized lately by C. E. Ertz, the New Yorker, who not long ago consummated the local brewery deal with an English syndicate.

The Bulletin says that the Midland has two parties of engineers out, one headed by Mr. Oliver, the other by V. C. Bogue, formerly chief of the Union Pacific engineering corps. It is thought to be the Bogue party now in Walker's Pass, the Oliver party were near Bakersfield at last reports. The route of the road down the San Joaquin east of the present main line of the Southern Pacific, keeping from fifteen to twenty-five miles from the great company's track.

## CRIME AND CRIMINALS.

## Sheriff Gibson Returns from Denver with Pickpocket Davis.

The Fellow Will Now Serve His Full Time in State Prison, and Will Then be Sent to Oregon to Do Time for Three Years.

Sheriff Gibson reached the city at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon with the notorious pickpocket Davis in custody. It will be remembered that Davis is the man who has twice escaped the officers in this city during the past year. About a year ago he jumped \$800 cash bail and made good his escape. About two months ago he returned and was getting ready to work the citrus fair, but Chief Glass nabbed him before he had been in the city an hour, and he was convicted of picking an old lady's pocket on his way from the depot to the hotel. He was sentenced to two years in State's prison, but while the Court was yet passing sentence he made his escape from the courtroom and was not again seen until a depot officer picked him up at Denver in the act of picking a woman's pocket.

Sheriff Gibson had considerable trouble with the fellow in bringing him back. Davis swore that he would never be brought back alive, but the Sheriff was too much for him, and Mr. Davis will now serve his full term in State's prison and will then be sent to Oregon, where a three years' sentence hangs over him.

Now, as to telling Mr. Rea personally that I had not come out here to fight the Southern Pacific, probably I did say so. I have no recollection of the matter, but I'll give him the benefit of the doubt. I came here to manage the interests of the Traffic Association, and to see its complexion, I had nothing to say against the Southern Pacific; but when I, in the fulfillment of my duties, saw that the railroad rates were too high and should be reduced as a matter of justice to the individual shipper and the State as a whole, I commenced to work to try and have them reduced. With the backing of the Traffic Association I am still at the work, and will continue to work to that end as long as the Traffic Association has faith in me as a man and an official.

Fourth and Townsend-street officials corroborate Mr. Leeds in his version of the story about the dispatch to Stubbs, and several of them feel aggrieved that Mr. Rea, in his attempt to make Mr. Leeds's character, should try to mix them up in the affair. Mr. Leeds's retirement from the Gould system is an old story reflecting no discredit upon him, for he is today spoken of in the highest terms of praise as a man and an official by every man of note in the railroad world. Mr. Beckman is the first man in the entire country who has ever thought of trying to use that story in an effort to belittle him.

A dispatch from Memphis, Tenn., gives this interesting piece of news about Southern Pacific matters, which is highly pertinent, inasmuch as Mr. Huntington recently told a Times reporter that he was determined to sell all his railroad interests east of the Mississippi River. The telegram says that Maj. J. M. Edwards, vice-president of the Louisville, New Orleans and Texas Railway Company, confirmed the statement sent out from New York that the Illinois Central Railway Company had called a meeting of the stockholders for June 18, to consider the policy of purchasing the Valley route. When Mr. Huntington was in Memphis, and long after he said that he had no intention of selling the road, that he considered it a most valuable property and that it was increasing in value every year. Mr. Huntington, however, has not by any means the control over the disposal of the road. While Mr. Huntington and his chief partners, Leland Stanford and Mr. Crocker, own 60 per cent of the stock Mr. Huntington owns only 15 per cent personally. It is understood that both Stanford and Crocker are heartily in favor of getting rid of the Louisville, New Orleans and Texas, so that they may attend more closely to their great interests west of the Mississippi represented mainly by the Southern Pacific road. The proposed change would make Memphis the central point of an immense trunk line extending from Chicago to New Orleans, inasmuch as gaining control of the Louisville, New Orleans and Texas would immediately be followed by the construction of the Memphis and Clinton line.

The Central London Railway, England, is to run three workmen's trains daily, the fare being only 2 cents for six miles, the cheapest railway fare in the world.

Two big 85-ton compound locomotives from the Schenectady works passed through Los Angeles en route for San Francisco. The big engines have six drivers, 10 feet 5 inches in diameter; were built for fast passenger

## HARRISON WINS.

[Continued from first page.]

Martin of Philadelphia had been elected a member of the National Committee. Then the chairman announced that Quay of Pennsylvania reports on the part of the opponents of the majority report of the Committee on Credentials that they will make no further opposition to its adoption. Prolonged cheers followed the announcement, and the acknowledgment of defeat by the opponents of the majority report. The report was adopted by acclamation.

A separate vote was demanded by the Mormon confederates of Utah on their case, but the majority report was adopted and the Mormons were declared ineligible.

At the request of Chairman Duffield, the Alger manager, the Michigan delegation was allowed to retire for consultation. A communication from the Woman's Republican Association of the United States, presented by ex-Senator Miller of New York, was read amid applause and the association was recognized as auxiliary to the Republican party. Mrs. J. Ellen Foster of Iowa, president of this association, was invited to the stand and the unanimous adoption of a woman addressing a Republican national convention was witnessed. Mrs. Foster delivered an eloquent address, touching on reform work generally and that of Republicans particularly. She was listened to with close attention and liberal applause.

Alabama reported a disagreement over the election of national committeemen and was given time to settle the difference.

The chairman then announced that the next thing in order was the presentation of the names of candidates for the Presidency. It was decided that the roll of States should be called and when Colorado was reached Senator Wolcott arose. Instantly the Blaine men burst into wild cheers, all doubt as to the presentation of Blaine's name being removed. Wolcott spoke as follows:

WOLCOTT NOMINATES HIS NAME. Mr. Chairman and gentlemen of the convention: Republicans of the West sometimes differ with Republicans of the East as to what is wanted. On this occasion the difference is remarkable. The genuine Republicans of the West and the genuine Republicans of the East as to who is needed and his name is James G. Blaine.

When Wolcott pronounced the name of a great universal law went up from the audience. It was taken up by a large number of delegates, New York particularly being very zealous. Handkerchiefs and hats, as well as fans and umbrellas were tossed up and the noisy occupants of the galleries assisted in the uproar with their feet. The demonstration lasted sixty seconds. When it concluded, Wolcott continued:

The greatest American now living suffered defeat eight years ago because the party which he led and honored was torn by dissension. He was a man of great ability and great energy. He was a man of great ability and great energy. He was a man of great ability and great energy.

The speaker was here greeted with loud and prolonged cheers, many delegates standing up and waving handkerchiefs and hats. He continued: It is a matter of indifference to us who shall be chosen to lead the party, but we trust that we will again be able to elect a man who will lead the party as well as represent the party.

There is a practical agreement among the delegates of this convention, certainly the delegates whose opinion is worth consideration, that the Republican States, as to who our leader shall be, are in a state of confusion. The speaker was here greeted with loud and prolonged cheers, many delegates standing up and waving handkerchiefs and hats. He continued: It is a matter of indifference to us who shall be chosen to lead the party, but we trust that we will again be able to elect a man who will lead the party as well as represent the party.

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we pledge our untiring, loyal support to James G. Blaine. The speaker then called the followers of the Plumed Knight gave a spontaneous burst of applause, which lasted, however, but a few moments, but was renewed by a drawn-out callophe howl from a man of the lower corner of the hall which was answered by a shout of "Blaine!"

At the conclusion of Wolcott's speech the call of States was resumed, and when Indiana was reached the venerable Richard W. Thompson, ex-Secretary of the Navy, rose to nominate Harrison.

In response to demands he took the platform. When he skillfully alluded to Wolcott's speech by saying that the "candidate who he would name did not seek elevation by detracting from any other great Republican," the sentiment of approval.

Thompson's speech was as follows: Mr. Chairman and gentlemen of the convention: I do not intend to make a speech. I propose to make a nomination for the Presidency which shall strike sympathy in every man's heart, and no matter how mighty the adversary, at every sacrifice American honor will be maintained. The Boring Sea question, which was an insuperable obstacle in the diplomacy of Cleveland and Hayard, has been settled on a basis which has sustained the American position, until arbitration shall have determined our rights. The dollar of the country has been placed and kept on the standard of commercial nations, and a convention has been agreed upon with foreign governments which by making bimetallic the policy of all nations may successfully solve all our financial problems. The tariff, tinkered with and trifled with by the American Congress, has been placed on a basis which has sustained the American position, until arbitration shall have determined our rights. The dollar of the country has been placed and kept on the standard of commercial nations, and a convention has been agreed upon with foreign governments which by making bimetallic the policy of all nations may successfully solve all our financial problems.

A counter demonstration, that so far as number of delegates was concerned, exceeded the Blaine greeting, greeted Thompson's speech. It was nearly two minutes before the Harrison cheerers subsided.

The call of States was resumed. When Michigan was reached there was a breathless pause, but there was no cheering. The matter with Alger should be Southern delegate. "Not in it," a voice replied.

Eustis of Minnesota seconded the nomination of Blaine. He said: The great idea of the last decade is receding. It came to us like a discovery. So simple in its principles, yet reaching in consequences, we wonder that we did not long ago establish this "rule of trade" under its magic. We have seen our ships sail with the master's shuttle between our ports and those of all the world. Today on our farms we are not a shred of pork or a bushel of wheat but what has a broader market and broader purchasing power by reason of the third section of the McKinley bill.

At the close of the eloquent speech of Eustis there was prolonged applause, which, however, in a few minutes, and the business of the convention was about to proceed when Mrs. Carson Lake of New York, who was seated on the rear of the platform with Mr. and Mrs. Charles Emery Smith of Philadelphia, Mrs. R. G. Hitt, wife of Congressman Hitt, of Illinois, and Miss Phelps, daughter of William Walter Phelps, arose and innocently waved a small silk flag. It had a magic effect upon the vast multitude and seemed to electrify the concourse of people.

Mr. and Mrs. Judge Thurston of Omaha, who occupied seats on the opposite side of the hall, led the enthusiasm in the graceful flourish of a white umbrella bearing the inscription, "James G. Blaine."

This was the chief Blaine demonstration of the day. It seemed as if the enthusiasm could have no limit. The crowd yelled, waved umbrellas, hats and handkerchiefs and threw hats in the air. The old cry, "Blaine! Blaine! James G. Blaine!" spread through the vast audience and for twenty minutes human power exhausted itself to do honor to the great statesman.

When the first called and Depew arose in the midst of a mighty cheer. He seconded Harrison's nomination in the following speech:

DEPEW SECONDS HARRISON. Mr. President and gentlemen of the convention: It is a peculiarity of Republican National Conventions that the candidates have distinct and interesting history. We are here to meet conditions and solve problems which make this gathering not only a contest for the future but a study in the past.

There is a practical agreement among the delegates of this convention, certainly the delegates whose opinion is worth consideration, that the Republican States, as to who our leader shall be, are in a state of confusion. The speaker was here greeted with loud and prolonged cheers, many delegates standing up and waving handkerchiefs and hats. He continued: It is a matter of indifference to us who shall be chosen to lead the party, but we trust that we will again be able to elect a man who will lead the party as well as represent the party.

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But we live in practical times, facing practical issues which affect business, wages, and the people's lives. The campaign will be won or lost, not upon the bad record of James K. Polk, or of Franklin Pierce or James Buchanan; not upon the good record of Lincoln or Grant or Arthur or Hayes or Garfield. It will be won or lost upon political, foreign and domestic issues, industrial and administrative acts of the administration of Benjamin Harrison. Whoever receives the nomination of this convention will run upon the judgment of the people as to whether they have been more prosperous and more happy; whether the country has been in better condition at home and stood more honorably abroad under the administration of Harrison and the preceding four years of Cleveland and a Democratic government.

Not a word of the past, and administration been called upon to face and solve so many such difficult problems as those which have been exigent in our condition. No administration since the organization of the Government has ever met difficulties better or more to the satisfaction of the American people. Chile has been taught that no matter how small an antagonistic community can, with safety, insult the flag or murder American sailors. Germany and England have learned in Somalia that the United States has become the greatest power of the world, and no matter how mighty the adversary, at every sacrifice American honor will be maintained. The Boring Sea question, which was an insuperable obstacle in the diplomacy of Cleveland and Hayard, has been settled on a basis which has sustained the American position, until arbitration shall have determined our rights. The dollar of the country has been placed and kept on the standard of commercial nations, and a convention has been agreed upon with foreign governments which by making bimetallic the policy of all nations may successfully solve all our financial problems.

The tariff, tinkered with and trifled with by the American Congress, has been placed on a basis which has sustained the American position, until arbitration shall have determined our rights. The dollar of the country has been placed and kept on the standard of commercial nations, and a convention has been agreed upon with foreign governments which by making bimetallic the policy of all nations may successfully solve all our financial problems.

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son's name. When Depew said, "Who will be given the credit for the great acts of this administration?" some one in the audience called out, "Blaine!" [Great applause.]

At the conclusion of Depew's speech a banner with Harrison's portrait was brought on the platform, causing a great demonstration all over the hall. This was followed by a Blaine banner, brought on the floor. There was great excitement and cheering. Both banners were carried around the hall. The demonstration for both was so mingled that it was impossible to separate them. Red, white and blue plumes were waved in various parts of the hall and great noise and confusion. The banners were removed, and the cheering of the Harrison men was renewed. A portrait of McKinley was carried about the hall. Great noise and confusion and great cheering for Blaine and Harrison followed, the latter getting the benefit of the combined efforts.

The manifestation was most sensational. Its prolonged intensity and endurance probably equaled anything ever seen in a convention. At twenty-three minutes after the commencement of the demonstration the banners began to play, but the roar came again and the stamping was renewed. McKinley began to rap with the gavel for order, and finally the storm spent itself at the end of thirty-one minutes.

W. E. Matteson, colored delegate from Mississippi, seconded the nomination of the greatest citizen of the world, the man so great that no one is jealous of him, the greatest of Americans, greatest living Republican—James G. Blaine.

When the hubbub had subsided the chairman recognized ex-Senator Warner Miller of New York. The speech of the great Nicaragua Canal advocate in seconding Blaine's nomination was brief. His words for harmony and good will were received. His statement that he and his friends had no word of detraction for Harrison and that the nominee of the convention would receive the support of all Republicans provoked hearty applause.

A colored delegate from North Carolina followed Miller, seconding Harrison. When Ohio was called shouts for Foraker were heard on every side. But Foraker closed his lips and shook his head. The general understanding had been that he would make the principal speech for Blaine. But when, for reasons unknown to the great bulk of the audience, he firmly declined, the disappointment was intense.

Another colored orator gained the platform and was cordially received until a sarcastic reference was made to the shouting of the people in the galleries for Blaine, when he brought down the house by the exclamation: "Thank God, the people in the gallery have a vote at the polls!" He closed with the words: "Eternity itself shall catch the name of James G. Blaine."

When Wisconsin was called ex-Senator Spooner came forward amid a great demonstration to second the nomination of Harrison. His speech was as follows:

SENATOR SPOONER'S SPEECH. Mr. President and gentlemen of the convention: The preliminaries are settled, and it is a relief to the people to see to it with the great duty which we came here to perform. That the action of this body composed of representative men, who love the Republican party and seek to promote its success for the record and the future will be deliberate, thoughtful and patriotic and such as to secure for it the approval of those who sent us here, cannot well be doubted. National Republican Convention has not been accustomed to make mistakes. That which met at Chicago in 1888 made no mistake when it entrusted the honor, responsibility and leadership of Benjamin Harrison to Indiana, and Benjamin Harrison made no mistakes. He quickly proved himself an ideal candidate and leader. Millions of hostile and envious eyes searched his whole life in vain for spot or blemish. On the march and in battle no man rode before him. Grim, dignified and wise, every day brought him a new deliverance. In itself a perfect platform, unexcelled for grace of diction, power of epigrammatic statement and the spirit of true eloquence. He imbued with renewed vigor and strength and in a twinkling led us to victory.

He has made his name into this convention proudly conscious that the record which he has made need not be supplemented by words of advocacy. He has been successful in his inaugural address, the people elected him to be president of the United States. He has given to the country an administration which for ability, efficiency, purity and patriotism has never been equaled. He has been "free from the taint of corruption" and has given his devotion to the principles of the Republican party and to the redemption of the pledges made by it to the people. He has been for the protection of American industries and the interests of American wage-workers, and placed with alacrity the seal of approval upon the great Tariff Bill of the country. He has been for the redemption of the pledges made by it to the people. He has been for the protection of American industries and the interests of American wage-workers, and placed with alacrity the seal of approval upon the great Tariff Bill of the country.

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During the National Republican Convention THE TIMES will contain, in addition to full Associated Press dispatches, several columns daily of telegraphic matter wired direct from Minneapolis by our special staff correspondent, who is on the ground. Send in your orders for extra copies as early as possible.

**AMUSEMENTS TONIGHT.**  
AT THE OPERAHOUSE—Blue Jeans.

ELECTRIC motors have been introduced at Blackburn, England, to operate the looms. Wait until we get the Niagara River at work grinding out electricity and we may have the same kind of weaving in this country.

THE Secretary of the Treasury has very properly forbidden the landing at the San Francisco quarantine station of Chinamen destined for Honolulu who have been denied admission on account of disease. The United States has better business in hand than maintaining a quarantine for the Sandwich Islands.

THE San Francisco Produce Exchange has issued a bulletin on the flour and grain remaining in the State on June 1, which gives the total amounts as follows: Flour, 120,517 barrels; wheat, 2,100,149 cents; barley, 913,049 cents; oats, 48,786 cents; beans, 128,182 sacks; corn, 92,837 cents; rye, 5831 cents. This is a much larger supply in the aggregate than ever before was on hand at the same season of the year. Last year on June 1 the supply was 121,166 barrels of flour, 1,626,562 cents of wheat, 352,882 cents of barley, 45,074 cents of oats, 46,682 sacks of beans, 76,738 cents of corn and 14,136 cents of rye.

THE Toronto Irish Canadian is out for annexation. It is tired of what it calls the debts, rags and tatters of colonialism. This is its picture of the results of the admission of Canada into the American Union:

Farm lands would be bound up, our mines opened, our shipping vastly increased, vast canals constructed, and most precious of all treasures, our boys and girls would find here at home a field for their enterprise and labor, instead of docking, as they are now doing, to the other side. We would have no creature of some English noble family foisted upon us to strut about as a representative of European sovereignty at a big cost to Canadian taxpayers. While pulpits and platforms may ring with ravings of royalty, the hour of our colonist politician and tuft-buster is fast drawing to a close.

ORANGE county is rapidly forging to the lead as a dairying section. A creamery at Westminster utilizes the milk from 430 cows. The weekly output is 1500 pounds of butter from 31,200 pounds of milk. The capacity of the creamery is twice its present output, and the business is being increased as rapidly as possible. A creamery at Newport is also doing a good business. The Santa Ana Blade observes that the butter product of Orange county is a source of considerable revenue, and is growing in importance. It is safe to say that the butter product of the county amounts to 4000 pounds per week. The annual sales of butter are estimated to be nearly 208,000 pounds, equal to nearly \$83,000 per year. The butter product of Santa Ana and suburbs finds a ready market in Santa Ana, Los Angeles and San Diego.

THE recent decision that boards of supervisors have no authority to employ extra deputies for county officers is putting some counties to their stumps to provide a way of transacting extra business. Siskiyou is talking of charging each voter who registers 10 cents and thus securing funds to pay for compiling the great register. The probability is, however, that this would be as unconstitutional as the former method. It is fortunate that the new decision does not apply to assessor's offices. It would be utterly impossible to make assessments without extra deputies, and if a sufficient force for this purpose had to be provided and carried on the rolls the whole year it would be a great waste of public funds. These legal gentlemen of hair-splitting proclivities precipitate some awkward situations occasionally.

A CIRCULAR sent to an Eastern correspondent by F. W. Norman & Co., a San Francisco produce house, has been forwarded to this city and is before us. Norman & Co. after mentioning that they are now in receipt of large quantities of potatoes ("long keepers") from "our river farmers" and are prepared to ship the same, say: "Now, as to Southern California stock we admonish you to beware, as from now on they usually begin to decay, as they are very watery." This is a contemptible way of trying to do business—by running down the produce of some other portion of the State—unfortunately it is a method frequently resorted to by the up-country merchants. The meanest thing about it is the utter falsity of the assertion. The potatoes grown by the farmers of the Sacramento Valley, which has been flooded this year are, of course, not watery, but are "long keepers," whereas those produced in the dry, warm soil of Southern California (where we have had only a moderate rainfall) are "watery" and begin to rot about this time. The statement on its face is so preposterous that it needs no further contradiction.

### TWO GREAT PAPERS.

For the Campaign and Longer—Both for Only \$1.50 a Year.  
Under a special arrangement with the New York Weekly Tribune—foremost among national Republican journals—that great paper and the SATURDAY TIMES AND WEEKLY MIRROR (12 pages) will be sent by us to any address in the United States for \$1.50, cash in advance.  
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These are unparalleled offers. Subscribe now and secure these great papers throughout the Presidential campaign and for seven months beyond its close.

### THE REPUBLICAN PLATFORM.

The platform adopted by the Minneapolis convention is so terse and pointed that an attempt to epitomize it would be out of the question. It is its own best commentary. It reiterates the cardinal principles of the Republican party, dealing with live issues and presenting such a broad and conservative basis that Republicans whose opinions have some shades of difference can stand together upon it without trouble.

The currency plank, touching upon silver, may fall short of satisfying some of the free silver States like Colorado and Nevada, but, on the whole, it is sound doctrine and so friendly to the cause of silver in essence that we apprehend there will not be much kicking over the traces.

Of course the several issues set forth in the platform will come in for extended discussion all through the campaign and may be elaborated *ad lib.* The more thoroughly they are discussed and the more completely understood by the American people the stronger will stand the Republican party.

**The Work at Minneapolis.**  
The result at Minneapolis yesterday was the renomination of Benjamin Harrison for the Presidency by a vote of 535 1-6 to 182 1-6 for Blaine, 182 for McKinley, 4 for Reid and 1 for Lincoln. The nomination was then, upon motion of Gov. McKinley, made unanimous.

It is only the truth to say, and we say it with regret, that the renomination of Mr. Harrison is a disappointment to the Republicans of California and of the Pacific Coast. The announcement of the result in Los Angeles yesterday afternoon was everywhere received with coldness, and it will require time for our people to get the blood of enthusiasm circulating in their veins at a rate adequate to the requirements of a winning campaign.

But it is fortunate that, with Republicans, principles go before persons, and that the impending conflict is one of measures rather than of men. This is as it should be, and gives men of conviction the opportunity to contend for principle, even though it be at the sacrifice of personal preferences.

The coming canvass will, therefore, have to be made, as it should be made, mainly upon the issues that divide the two great parties; the question of candidates can be safely relegated to a minor position in the combat.

Fortunately the good name and glorious traditions of the Republican party can always be invoked with pride by its followers and effectively used as a slogan of battle.

In the present campaign the great fundamental principle that divides the Republican from the Democratic party, is protection and reciprocity. It is a petical question of today; it is a dead issue. It concerns every industrial citizen of the country, and the final determination of it involves the weal or woe of millions. Upon the foremost question before the country the Republican party stands on clear, firm ground, long since marked out in that measure of supreme importance, the McKinley bill, and now reaffirmed by the Minneapolis convention. Our political foes, the Democrats, are arrayed upon the opposite side of this far-reaching measure, which comes home to the farms and firesides of the people. The issue is joined, or will be, so soon as the Chicago convention shall have uttered its declaration of principles, and once more will come before the American people for determination.

Considering the achievements of the past, the Republicans, without respect to men so much as to measures, may enter the contest with confidence in the outcome. Let us hope to see a united front presented to the foe, and a conflict waged with all the old-time vigor that has marked the bravest struggles in the history of the party.

Mr. Harrison is the Republican nominee. How his nomination was brought about and whence his votes came are proper subjects of inquiry at this time. It is and will be a matter of deep regret to Republicans having at heart the good of the country and of the party that the great bulk of the votes in convention that affected the President's renomination were not drawn from those States which will have to do the work of electing the candidate, if he is to be elected.

An analysis of the vote which nom-

inated Mr. Harrison shows that he received from the Republican States:

California	13
Illinois	34
Massachusetts	12
Michigan	7
North Dakota	2
Ohio	1
Oregon	1
Pennsylvania	10
South Dakota	2
Vermont	8
Wisconsin	24
Wyoming	1
Washington	1
Total	130

And from the three so-called Alliance States, Kansas, Minnesota and Nebraska, a total of 80, which we here classify in the Republican column, making in all 169. Short of a total convention vote of 228 cast by States which must be defeated upon to elect a Republican President, Mr. Harrison received only 169—about 40 per cent. From Democratic States:

Alabama	15
Delaware	4
Florida	4
Georgia	26
Kentucky	22
Louisiana	24
Maryland	14
Mississippi	13 1/2
Missouri	28
New Hampshire	18
North Carolina	18 1/2
South Carolina	13
Tennessee	17
Texas	22
Virginia	9
West Virginia	12
Total	263 1/2

And from doubtful and contested States:

Connecticut	4
Indiana	30
Iowa	20
Montana	5
New Jersey	24
New York	27
Rhode Island	16 1/2
Total	166 1/2

From the Territories (which cast no electoral vote):

In this resumé we place as Republican States Massachusetts, with a Democratic Governor; Michigan and Wisconsin, with Democratic Governors, all claimed by the Democrats as doubtful and to be contested.
Among the doubtful we place Connecticut, giving a small Democratic majority; Indiana, claimed by 20,000 for the Democrats; Iowa, with a Democratic Governor; New Hampshire and Rhode Island, with less than 1000 votes difference, and New York with Governor and Legislature Democratic.
We have included in the Republican column the so-called Alliance States—Kansas, Nebraska and Minnesota—giving 89 votes for Mr. Harrison, though these States were revolutionized two years ago, and Kansas led off last week with a complete fusion, the Democrats agreeing to make no electoral ticket, but to support the People's party electors.

The territorial votes are 16 and the Democratic States 263 1-6, making a total of 279 1-6, which will not give the support of a single electoral vote to the Republican ticket.

The classified Republican and Alliance States, giving Mr. Harrison in convention 169 votes, may give him 151 electoral votes if they all vote for him. The 95 votes from the classified doubtful and contested States will give him—how many?

The nomination of Mr. Harrison can therefore be classified again as:

Territorial votes	16
Republican States	130
Doubtful States	95
Contested States	166 1/2
Total	347 1/2

The votes in the left-hand column cannot be depended upon by Mr. Harrison in the election; the votes in the right-hand column may be, with the uncertainty in Alliance States which we have already pointed out.

The silver States, casting 15 votes, may be classified as far from secure to Mr. Harrison. The Alliance States, casting 27 electoral votes for him in 1888, are claimed for the People's party. And in the survey of the field it is encouraging to hope that he will carry all these States: Connecticut, Indiana, Iowa, Montana, New Hampshire, New York and Rhode Island, as well as Massachusetts, Michigan and Wisconsin, placed in the Republican column.

We would be glad to believe that the convention did not err in refusing to designate either Mr. Blaine or Gov. McKinley, and we would be more glad to be convinced of Republican success in the impending campaign. The mass of Democrats have been zealous supporters of Harrison for the nomination. We saw this fact with alarm. It is an accepted maxim in war not to do what your antagonist desires. We feel that our skirts are clear; and if disaster comes we can meet it with the consciousness that our advice was good and that either Blaine or McKinley would have led the Republican hosts to victory. Unwelcome as the result is, we shall do what we may to avert disaster and keep the old flag to the front.

### AMUSEMENTS.

#### AT THE PLAYHOUSES.

**GRAND OPERAHOUSE—Blue Jeans** was witnessed by a larger audience last night than that which greeted the opening performance, and, judging from the favorable comments heard upon all sides, the crowd streamed out of the theater after it was over, the play will not soon be forgotten here.

*Blue Jeans* will be repeated at the matinee this afternoon, closing tonight.

#### POLITICAL POINTS.

The time approaches when the Tammany tiger will demonstrate whether or not he is really a proper subject for jokes.

Eight of our New England colleges and universities were represented at the great gathering of the Republican College League in Boston, Bowdoin, Brown, Harvard, Bates and the University of Vermont.

Nevada Democrats have formally dissolved themselves from the Alliance to the national Democratic party. The Alliance platform of the Chicago convention are not in accordance with their own ideas. The Chicago convention will have to do some lively dodging on the silver issue and even then it will not please everybody.

Cleveland's friends estimate that he will have 300 votes at Chicago on the first ballot, and that Hill will have less than 300. These figures are significant. If Cleveland's friends concede to Hill 300 votes, or anything like that number, it can hardly be said that the New York senator is not an important factor in the problem. If Hill's much-talked-of letter is brought out, it will, of course, leave Cleveland the

### HARRISON WINS.

[Continued from page one.]

this they have had in Benjamin Harrison, and they know it. We place him before this convention as one who can bear and will bear, whether nominated or not—for he is a Republican—his full part in the great contest which today is begun.

Republicans in every State have one in the convention assembled here, indorsed with enthusiasm his full part in the great contest which today is begun. That administration and its record of efficiency and achievements the Republican party is to invite the coming campaign. There is nothing persuasive in the assertion that people who officially approve an administration will withhold their approval from the man who is responsible for it, and who has largely made it. Put him again at the head of the column; place in his hand the banner of Republicanism and he will carry it aggressively all the time at the front; and he will lead us again to victory. There will be irresistible power and inspiration in the knowledge which pervades the people that so long as he is President there is one with a solid vote who ever befriends us, at home or abroad, will bring to the solution of every question, to the execution of every policy and to the performance of every duty, a splendid and disciplined intellect, absolute rectitude of purpose and unflinching desire to conserve every interest of every section; a self-reliance which is a safeguard against hasty or mistaken judgment, and a patriotism that never has wavered, either in war or in peace.

#### McCOMAS SECONDS HARRISON.

Hon. Lewis E. McComas of Maryland, in seconding the nomination of Harrison, said:

"The Republicans of the South cast a million and a half votes for Harrison at the last election. In the eight States of the border in the South there were a million votes then; there are more now, for the doubtful States at least two of the Republican candidates. The Southern Republican votes in the last Congress placed the gavel in Tom Reed's hands, added two young Republican States, and kept the people's money sound, secured the McKinley tariff blessings and the benefits of protection and reciprocity."

The speaker eulogized Harrison and his administration. He declared that four years ago he had conquered Cleveland and since then his strength has been increased by great achievements and he will go forth to conquer Cleveland once more. He said:

"The Democrats are returning to their old champion and putting on the old armor, scarred by diplomatic surrenders and stained with pension votes. They are about to send him out to battle against the policy of trade, the Republican convention should send forth the great President of this glorious administration with the shield of protection, the sword of reciprocity, the flag made glorious by the victories in Bering Sea and Italy."

The Democrats nominated Cleveland twice. We may wisely nominate Harrison twice. The Republican party never renominated a President it did not reject.

The speaker touched on the national finances, new navy, admission of our flour and pork to foreign markets, prosperity of the country, the fact that the Democratic House dared not repeal the McKinley tariff, and called for the nomination of Harrison as the "leader of the administration and its best exponent," a soldier trained in defending the Union who, when he saw the great Secretary of State staggering with sickness, flung his comrade's knapsack over his shoulder and called for him into camp. He closed by predicting Harrison's election.

Bruno Fink of Wisconsin, in a brief speech, seconded the nomination of Harrison.

W. S. Downey of Wyoming said he came from a far-off State to second the nomination of Blaine. He provoked laughter by shouting "Blaine" when listening to the speech of Depew. It reminded him of the old days of Democracy. Elliott F. Shepard arose with great gravity, grasped Depew's hand and congratulated him upon his distinction thrust upon him by the parallelism of his name and the name of the speaker. The speaker, continuing, grew somewhat tiresome, and was interrupted with cries of "Time! time!" "Harrison! Harrison!"

#### A BALLOT TAKEN.

The President Renominated—Sensational McKinley-Torask Episode.  
MINNEAPOLIS (Minn.) June 10.—(By the Associated Press.) At the conclusion of the call of States, ex-Gov. Sewell of New Jersey, moved that the convention proceed to ballot. The motion prevailed and in the intense suspense following the chairman of the delegations of the various States proceeded to call their delegations preparatory to responding to roll call. It was ordered that delegates from Indian Territory and Alaska be entitled to vote on the Presidential ballot.

Alabama was the first State called, and responded with 15 votes for Harrison, 7 for McKinley.

A member of the California delegation called for a poll of that State, which was ordered by the chair with the following result: De Young, Blaine; Charles N. Felton, Harrison; E. F. Spence, Harrison; N. D. Rideout, Harrison; D. F. Cole, Harrison; E. V. Spencer, Harrison; J. F. Kidder, Blaine; E. J. Rhodes, Blaine; Eli Dennisson, Blaine; R. D. Robbins, Blaine; E. S. Haherty, Harrison; J. S. Spear, Jr., McKinley; O. A. Hale, Blaine; George A. Knight, Blaine; E. P. Johnson, Harrison; R. E. Jack, Blaine; R. W. Banton, Harrison. The chair announced as the result of the California poll, Harrison, 7; Blaine, 9; McKinley, 1.

Delegations cheered and sang the strange of the distinguished Ohio Governor into the Presidential contest.

When Ohio was reached there occurred the most dramatic incident ever witnessed in a national convention, that of a Presidential candidate challenging the legitimacy of a vote cast for him by his own State—Ohio. Mr. McKinley, said ex-Gov. Foraker, and the pandemonium of enthusiasm that greeted the announcement, showed that Harrison had lost 24 votes in Ohio. After the cheering had ceased McKinley arose and in a clear voice said: "I challenge the vote of the State of Ohio. I am a delegate from that State."

object of all this enthusiasm waved the gavel to restore order.

"Joseph B. Foraker," shouted the clerk, and there was a breathless pause. "William McKinley," said the ex-Governor, and this time it was the fiery Foraker, who for loyalty to the Governor of his State, deserved the plaudits of the multitude.

After the individual roll of States had been finished it was discovered that on the first ballot McKinley's alternate had actually voted for Harrison in obedience to a previous request, although the latter doubtless supposed he had discharged this injunction.

When the State of Pennsylvania was called a great surprise greeted the convention. The various delegates who, up to this time, had apparently been docile under the leadership of Senator Quay, revolted, and when the result was announced it was shown that Harrison had ten more votes from the State than had been expected. The Harrison cheer cheered tumultuously, and when South Dakota followed with a solid vote for Harrison, and a little later Texas gave him twenty-two votes.

#### HARRISON RENOMINATED.

Then it was apparent that the President would certainly be renominated, and the enthusiasm provoked by his followers was unrivaled by any previous incident of the day. Men cheered until they were exhausted, and the throwing of hats, waving of umbrellas and banners added to the pandemonium of the scene. The band caught the inspiration of the occasion and burst forth in a triumphant blast. The scene was one where feminine charms and manly vigor blended together in a triumphant ovation to the man who had now become the idol of the hour.

In the midst of this excitement Chairman McKinley called Elliott F. Shepard to the chair, and before a dozen people were aware of it, was on the floor clamoring for recognition. When order was restored McKinley said: "Mr. Chairman and gentlemen of the convention: I move that the rules be suspended and that Benjamin Harrison be nominated for President of the United States by acclamation."

The Harrison people gave a wild, hysterical cheer of approval, but there were cries of "No! no! Roll call!" In Blaine and McKinley delegates in various parts of the hall. An enthusiastic Blaine man made the point of order that the motion of McKinley was not in order. "I desire to say," said McKinley, that you can suspend any rule you have by a two-thirds majority, and as do so now. The Blaine and McKinley people refused to yield. Chairman Pro Tem Shepard started to put the motion, but his voice could not be heard.

At this juncture various gentlemen surrounded McKinley, and after a hurried conference the latter again took the platform and said: "Mr. Chairman, there are States that have not been reached which desire to record their votes, and I understand that they will record their votes in the direction of my motion. In order to enable them to do so I therefore withdraw my motion." [Prolonged applause.]

Roll call was continued with a steady gain for Harrison and it was obvious that he was nominated by a considerable majority, but it required some time for the clerks to foot up the results. During the interval McKinley had again taken the chair and half an hour later asked the clerks to announce the result of the roll call.

MADE UNANIMOUS.  
"The whole number of votes," said a clerk, "is 904 1/2; number necessary to a choice, 453. Benjamin Harrison received 535 1-6 votes; James G. Blaine 182 1-6, William McKinley 182, Robert Lincoln 1 vote, Thomas B. Reed 4 votes." [Applause.]

"Benjamin Harrison having received the majority of all the votes cast," said Chairman McKinley, "is the nominee of this convention. Shall the nomination be made unanimous?"

"All in favor of making it unanimous say aye," said the chairman. There was a storm of ayes. "It is unanimous," said the chairman, and once more the convention gave itself over to one of those scenes of enthusiasm which had been so familiar to the proceedings of the day.

#### THE VOTE IN DETAIL.

States	Harrison	Blaine	McKinley
Arkansas	5	1	7
Alabama	15	7	1
California	8	9	1
Colorado	8	8	1
Connecticut	4	8	7
Delaware	4	4	1
Florida	8	8	1
Georgia	26	1	1
Kentucky	22	1	1
Idaho	34	14	1
Indiana	30	5	1
Iowa	20	5	1
Kansas	15	6	1
Louisiana	14	2	1
Maine	8	8	1
Massachusetts	12	16	1
Michigan	7	2	19
Minnesota	8	9	1
Mississippi	13 1/2	4 1/2	1
Missouri	28	2	1
Montana	5	1	1
Nebraska	15	1	1
Nevada	1	2	1
New Hampshire	18	2	1
New Jersey	27	25	10
New York	27	25	10
North Carolina	17 1/2	2 1/2	1
North Dakota	2	4	1
Ohio	2	44	1
Oregon	1	4	1
Pennsylvania	10	3	47
Rhode Island	16 1/2	1	1
South Carolina	13	3	1
South Dakota	8	1	1
Tennessee	17	4	3
Texas	22	2	1
Vermont	8	8	1
Virginia	9	13	2
Washington	1	6	1
West Virginia	12	1	1
Wisconsin	19	2	3
Wyoming	4	6	1
Arizona	1	1	1
District of Columbia	2	2	1
New Mexico	6	1	1
Oklahoma	2	1	1
Utah	2	1	1
Idaho	2	1	1
Alaska	2	1	1

\*One absent. \*Reed 1, Lincoln 1. \*Reed 1, Lincoln 1.

#### THE TICKET COMPLETED.

Whitelaw Reid of New York Nominated for Vice-President.

MINNEAPOLIS (Minn.) June 10.—[By the Associated Press.] The evening session of the convention was called to order by Chairman McKinley, who announced that the ticket was completed.

Resolved, that the secretary of the convention prepare a full report of the National Republican Conventions of 1856, 1860 and 1864 and cause the same to be sold at the cost of printing, and that a similar arrangement shall be made for the publication of the proceedings of this convention.

The convention then adjourned till 8 o'clock p.m.

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nounced that the order of business was the presentation of candidates for Vice-President of the United States.

The secretary called the roll, and when the State of New York was reached Senator O'Connor was recognized by the Chair. He said:

"I was designated by the New York delegation to present the name of a distinguished citizen of New York for Vice-President. We want to assure you that in our opposition to the nomination of the successful candidate there was nothing of a personal nature, and we now recognize the duty of every Republican to bow loyally to the judgment of this convention. We believe the State of New York ought to be aided in the great struggle it will have to make in order to place that State in the Republican column, and I believe, the gentleman whom I shall name will aid us materially in accomplishing that purpose. Therefore, in behalf of the New York delegation, I place in nomination for Vice-President of the United States Hon. Whitelaw Reid. [Applause.]

The nomination was seconded by Hon. Horace Porter of New York. He said:

"The character and services of Whitelaw Reid will give assurance that he will carry out the policy of this convention, and in the affections of his fellow-citizens, and will command the unqualified respect of people of the civilized globe. He is prominently today New York's favorite son. He is the legitimate and worthy successor to that great creator of modern journalism, Horace Greeley. He has served as minister from the oldest republic of the New World to the newest republic of the Old World. He has solved successfully the most complicated and intricate questions that have arisen in diplomacy between two countries. Throughout the various complicated diplomatic transactions he retained the absolute confidence of his own Government and secured the respect of the Foreign governments in which he was accredited. There is no blot on his escutcheon. Give us Reid and his name and services will do more than any other in assisting in this campaign. Give us him and we will give you victory in November."

Gov. Buckley of Connecticut also seconded the nomination.

The chairman then asked that the nomination of Reid be made by acclamation. The motion was seconded.

J. L. Little of Tennessee said that in obedience to the request of the Tennessee delegation he desired to make a nomination. The chairman recognized the gentleman from Tennessee. Mr. Little said:

"Under ordinary circumstances we who live in the South don't have much to say about the nomination of candidates for President and Vice-President. We prefer rather to let you gentlemen who live in Republican States make the nomination and do what we can to help you elect them. But Tennessee today feels that she has a right to ask the convention to nominate a man for Vice-President who is an intensely American as any American who breathes the air upon the American Continent; a man who has demonstrated to the American people ability at all times and under all circumstances to make American citizenship respected; a man who is able to and who did stop the Democratic party in the halls of the American Congress; a man who, during, and who succeeded in getting the business of the Government done; a man who believes that citizenship in Tennessee or Louisiana is entitled to the same protection it has in New York or Connecticut. Tennessee, Mr. Chairman, places in nomination for Vice-President of the United States one of the greatest and noblest characters in American politics, Thomas B. Reed of Maine. [Applause.]

The Chairman. Are there further nominations? [Cries of "No, No! Questions!"]

The Chairman. Shall we, by unanimous consent, dispense with the further call of States? [Cries of "Yes" and "No."]

C. M. Louthan of Virginia seconded the nomination of Thomas B. Reed. Gen. Littlefield of Maine asked the delegates of the country to decline to cast their votes for Reed until they could be assured that the gentlemen have authority to present his name to the convention. Gen. Littlefield said it was the opinion of the Maine delegation that Reed would decline the nomination if tendered to him. Mr. Little and Mr. Louthan both said they were not acquainted with Reed, and had no authority for placing his name before the convention, but did so at the request of the Tennessee delegation, and as they considered, they were voicing the sentiment of the country. Mr. Little then formally withdrew Reed's name.

Kearney of Iowa moved to suspend the rules and make the nomination of Whitelaw Reid for Vice-President by acclamation. The Chairman asked if the convention was ready for the question. [Cries of "Yes."] The ayes and noes were taken, and the Chairman said: "I am of the opinion that more than two-thirds voted in the affirmative, and the rules are suspended and the nomination made. Shall it be unanimous?" [Cries of "Yes."] The Chair. Those favoring it will say aye. The motion is carried.

The announcement of the nomination of Reid occasioned a demonstration on the part of both delegates and the audience.

The next order of business was reports of States of members of the committee to notify the Presidential and Vice-Presidential nominees of their nomination, and the secretary called the roll. The following names were announced as members of the committees: Alabama—President, C. O. Harris; vice-president, J. M. McEwen. Arkansas—President, Louis Altheimer; vice-president, C. O. Morris. California—C. N. Felton, R. E. Jack. Colorado—Hosea Townsend, Judd Brush. Connecticut—Morgan C. Bulkeley, James P. Platt. Delaware—George W. W. Marshall, for both Florida—J. A. Spang, J. A. Hall, Georgia—C. C. Winchell, (passed). Illinois—James H. Gilbert, L. L. Ellwood. Indiana—C. P. Heilman, W. T. Durbin. Iowa—C. W. Mullian, J. L. Carney. Kansas—Calvin Hood, O. W. Little. Kentucky—Passed. Louisiana—Passed. Maine—Passed. Massachusetts—Passed. Michigan—W. C. Clifford



## DOWNED BY THE DUKES.

### Southerners Run of Luck Broken by San Jose.

The Champions Win a Fine Contest by a Score of 6 to 3.

Three Singles, a Passed Ball and an Error Tell the Story.

The San Francisco Turn the Tables on Their Rivals Across the Bay—Games on Eastern Diamond Fields.

By Telegram to the Times.  
SAN JOSE, June 10.—[By the Associated Press.] The Dukes defeated the Angels in a good game today by a score of 6 to 3. Both clubs put up good ball. San Jose won the game in the fifth inning on three singles, a passed ball and one error. The score follows:

SAN JOSE.	A. B. R. H. E. SB. PO. A. E.
McGucken, If.....	4 2 1 1 3 0 0
Everett, ss.....	4 1 0 4 4 2
Elbright, 2b.....	4 2 2 0 3 3 0
Doolley, 1b.....	4 1 1 0 10 0 0
Denny, 3b.....	4 0 0 0 1 0 0
Clark, c.....	4 0 0 0 3 1 0
McVey, cf.....	3 0 1 0 2 0 0
Stallings, rf.....	3 0 0 0 2 0 0
Lookabaugh, p.....	3 1 1 0 0 5 0
Total.....	33 6 7 12 14 5

LOS ANGELES.	A. B. R. H. E. SB. PO. A. E.
Wright, cf.....	5 0 1 0 3 0 0
Tredway, If.....	4 2 2 0 3 0 0
McCauley, 1b.....	5 1 2 1 12 0 0
Hassamcar, ss.....	3 0 1 0 0 7 2
Glenalvin, 2b.....	4 0 1 0 4 3 0
Newman, rf.....	4 0 0 0 1 0 0
Halen, 3b.....	4 0 0 0 1 0 2
Rogers, c.....	3 0 2 0 1 0 1
Stafford, p.....	4 0 0 0 0 0 0
Total.....	36 3 10 12 14 5

GAME BY INNINGS.  
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9  
San Jose.....0 1 0 3 0 0 0 0 0  
Los Angeles.....2 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0

SUMMARY.  
Earned runs—Los Angeles, 1; San Jose, 0. Three-base hits—Elbright, McVey. Two-base hits—Tredway.

Sacrifice hits—Clark, Glenalvin, Denny. First base on errors—San Jose 4, Los Angeles 1.

First base on called balls—San Jose 0, Los Angeles 3.

Left on bases—San Jose 4, Los Angeles 9.

Struck out—By Lookabaugh, 2; by Stafford, 1.

First base on hit by pitcher—None. Double plays—Hassamcar to Glenalvin, to McCauley; Glenalvin to McCauley.

Passed balls—Clark, 2; Rogers, 1. Wild pitches—None.

Time of game—1 hour, 55 minutes. Umpire—McDonald.

Score—A. E. Gabratt.

SAN FRANCISCO 6—OAKLAND 2.  
OAKLAND, June 10.—The game here this afternoon was won by San Francisco by a score of 6 to 2. San Francisco bunched hits in the first part of the game. But four of the Oakland men reached first. Batteries, Hoffman and Spies for San Francisco; Horner and Wilson for Oakland. Base hits, San Francisco 7, Oakland 2. Errors, San Francisco 1, Oakland 2.

GAMES IN THE EAST.  
Brooklyn Defeats Pittsburgh Twice—Other National League Contests.

BROOKLYN, June 10.—[By the Associated Press.] The Brookies pulled out of two hard, exciting games.

Brooklyn, 5; Pittsburgh, 4. Hits—Brooklyn, 12; Pittsburgh, 5. Errors—Brooklyn, 5; Pittsburgh, 1. Batteries—Haddock and Dalley; Smith and Mack.

Second game: Brooklyn, 4; Pittsburgh, 3. Hits—Brooklyn, 12; Pittsburgh, 5. Errors—Brooklyn, 1; Pittsburgh, 5. Batteries—Hart, Stein and T. Daly; Baldwin and Miller.

PHILADELPHIA, June 10.—The Phillies easily took the game.

Cleveland, 1; Philadelphia 7. Errors—Cleveland, 2; Philadelphia, 0. Hits—Cleveland, 4; Philadelphia, 10. Batteries—Davis and O'Connor for Cleveland; Weying and Cross.

BALTIMORE, June 10.—St. Louis was swamped in the first, making a better showing in the second.

Baltimore, 25; St. Louis, 4. Hits—Baltimore, 25; St. Louis, 7. Errors—Baltimore, 6; St. Louis, 10. Batteries—McMahon and Robinson; Breitenstein, Young and Bird.

Second game: Baltimore, 9; St. Louis, 3. Hits—Baltimore, 19; St. Louis, 8. Errors—Baltimore, 0; St. Louis, 2. Batteries—Bullington and Robinson; Getzel and Buckley.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—The Senators could not touch Vian.

Washington, 3; Louisville 7. Hits—Washington, 6; Louisville 11. Errors—Washington, 6; Louisville, 1. Batteries—Killen and Milligan; Vian and Grim.

NEW YORK, June 10.—Each team put up splendid games and came out even.

New York, 3; Cincinnati 7. Hits—New York, 8; Cincinnati, 7. Errors—New York, 1; Cincinnati, 3. Batteries—Crane and Boyle; Mullane and Murphy.

Second game: New York, 5; Cincinnati, 1. Hits—New York, 5; Cincinnati, 6. Errors—New York, 1; Cincinnati, 3. Batteries—Duryea and Murphy; Rusie and B. Murphy.

BOSTON, June 10.—The Colts were not in it, being shut out the second time.

Boston, 2; Chicago, 1. Hits—Boston, 11; Chicago, 6. Errors—Boston, 1; Chicago, 4. Batteries—Slater and Kelly; Hutchison and Kittredge.

Second game: Boston, 7; Chicago, 1. Hits—Boston, 11; Chicago, 4. Errors—Boston, 1; Chicago, 1. Batteries—Stevens and Kelly; Luby Hutchison and Kittredge.

THE RACES.  
A Day at Morris Park, Latonia and Other Points.

MORRIS PARK, June 10.—[By the Associated Press.] Five furlongs: Miles Standish won, Prince George second, Courtship third; time 1:01.

One mile—Best won, Julien second, Fiddle third; time 1:42.

Toboggan Slide handicap, 6 furlongs: Madstone won, Tournament second, Russell third; time 1:18.

One mile: Kennecott won, St. Anthony second, Entree third; time 1:48.

Five furlongs: Mendicant won, Lissel second, Raindrop third; time 1:01.

One mile and one-sixteenth: Cynosure won, War Duke second, Kirkover third; time 1:51.

CINCINNATI, June 10.—The track was fast.

Thirteen-sixteenths of a mile: Modjeska won, Hamline second, May Queen third; time 1:23.

Fifteen-thirtieths of a mile: Penn P. won, Corrine second, King Punster third; time 1:36 2-5.

Four furlongs: Roberta won, Eloquent second, Humming Bird third; time 0:50.

Handicap, 1 mile: Carlsbad won, Spring Away second, Lillian Lindsay third; time 1:42.

Six furlongs: Outcraft won, Ham-

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\$15.00 per week for \$9.00 per day rooms, if occupied by two. Others in proportion. If occupied by one, \$5 to \$6 per day higher.

The New Salt Water Swimming Tanks Under a glass roof, are the finest and most elegant in California, having large, easy, dressing-rooms and every convenience attached. Constant streams of hot and cold salt water flowing into the tanks. These are very strengthening.

Surf Bathing On a splendid, hard, sandy beach, with more regular breakers, water ten degrees warmer than at Santa Cruz and no undertow.

Barracuda and Spanish Mackerel fishing begins about April 1st. It is the finest on the coast. Tourists should remember that the Hotel del Coronado is open all the year, and that after the other winter season close instead of going north they will find the most delightful weather and every attraction at Coronado.

ROUND-TRIP TICKETS From Los Angeles, Pasadena, Pomona, San Bernardino, Colton, Riverside, Redlands, Orange, Anaheim and Santa Ana, all \$31.00, including one week's board in \$3.00 or \$3.50 room. Privilege longer stay at \$5.00 per day.

T. D. YEOMANS, Agent, Los Angeles, 129 N. Spring St. Tickets for sale at Santa Fe office, 129 N. Spring St., or Hotel del Coronado, at all other points, Local R. Agents.

Pacific Mail Steamers call four times monthly, and tourists can go east via San Francisco or Panama.

E. S. BABCOCK, Manager Hotel del Coronado.

bleton second, Virgie Johnson third; time 1:17.

CHICAGO, June 10.—At Garfield Park the track was slow.

Half a mile: Southern Lady won, Patsy second, Pearl C third; time 0:56.

Seven furlongs: Maggie Beck won, Gendarme second, Von Tromp third; time 1:48.

Nine-sixteenths of a mile: Bonnie True won, Alderman Morris second, Bates third; time 1:04.

Six furlongs: Miss Knott won, Blackburn second, Ellizien third; time 1:29.

Big Three ran first and was disqualified on a foul.

Eleven-sixteenths of a mile: Redstone won, Josie Wells second, Gunshot third; time 1:20.

Eleven-thirtieths of a mile: Carmen won, Free Light second, Gov. Wheeler third; time 1:20.

At Hawthorne Park the track was slow.

Six furlongs: Bob Rice won, Barling second, Massillon third; time 1:17.

Five furlongs: Speculation won, Lemon Blossom second, Queen Isabella third; time 1:10.

One mile: Patrick won, Powers second, Dundee third; time 2:05.

Five furlongs: Anglo Saxon won, Berwyn second, Mr. Barnes third; time 1:18.

Five furlongs: Orinoco won, Bagpipe second, Annie Race third; time 1:11.

St. Louis, June 10.—The track was fast.

Six furlongs: Orderly won, Envy second, Piccadilly third; time 1:15.

Five furlongs—King Lee won, Fast staff second, Ed Greenwood third; time 1:02.

Six furlongs—Reuben Payne won, Good Day second, Autumn Leaf third; time 1:16.

Six furlongs—Buckhound won, Kyle B. second, Nathan Frank third; time 1:15.

Six furlongs—Royal Flush won, Warner C. second, L. J. Knight third; time 1:16.

One mile—Mary Sue won, Borm second, Pat King third; time 1:43.

Farmers' Alliance Folk Recovering.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—President Polk, of the Farmers' Alliance, is considerably improved and his physician says he will recover.

Planing Mill Burned.

CLEVELAND (O.), June 10.—Woods & Jenks' planing mill, together with a large amount of lumber and valuable machinery, was burned this morning. Loss, \$27,500; insured.

Women Tyrants.

When the wife has a box seat and holds the reins, the world knows pretty well what the condition of things really is. Despising the man whose place she has usurped, she is at no pains to conceal her contempt. She opposes him sharply; contradicts him furiously; looks him down at his own table, and lets both him and the world see that she regards him as a fool not worth the trouble of conciliating, or the effort involved in reasoning with. She interferes with his every action; forbids him to smoke; allows him no wine; sends him out or keeps him at home, as she thinks best; despises his pursuits, and when she can, takes them from him as she would take their toys from her children. His pet dog she banishes; his favorite books she puts away; if he is fond of gardening, she digs up and burns his flower-beds for a tennis ground; if he is an adept at tennis, she breaks up the court to make a rose garden. Her tyranny is like a Nasmyth hammer, and finds nothing too large or too small for its manipulation. The whole family suffer equally with the unfortunate husband. Whenever she appears she brings with her both tyranny and interference. Her children are trained and managed till they have not a spark of naturalness or spontaneity left in them. In whatever they are doing, she must interfere and ordain. At courts she tells them where to send the ball; at tennis she makes them nervous by shouting out unfriendly commentaries on their play; at the piano she objects to their fingering, and wishes to alter their light and shade; at the easel she bids them scramble up the whole picture as it stands and begin it anew on her lines. She is always changing her servants, with whose work and methods she interferes until they lose their patience—when either they are impatient and are discharged on the spot; or disheartened and discharge themselves. She is the scourge of the family. The tyranny of a woman is to the full as ill to bear as the tyranny of a man, and perhaps it is more annoying because more incessant.

She Will Ride a Wheel.

(Chicago Herald.)

Frances E. Willard, famous as an advocate of temperance and Christianity, is going to give the bicycle a test. Her determination to venture on the wheel has set Evanston agog. No criticism has made her weaken in her resolve, and her firmness is so great that she has scattered the information wide that she is going to ride a safety.

"I haven't tried riding on a safety bicycle yet," said Miss Willard, "though I have been investigating to some extent. We have had a bicycle here for about eight years. So, you see, I am not exactly a novice in cycling, though I understand riding a tricycle and riding a bicycle are two very different things. A riding school will be my first attention. Then, having overcome the necessary trials, I intend using my wheel daily."



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To prepare for the summer. You will find the largest assortment, no odds and ends—everything fresh and new.

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An immense variety of Men's Negligee Shirts!

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Loss of power, impairment of memory and high (leading to EPILEPSY, CATAPLEXY, INSANITY, etc.) in YOUNG MEN and others soon after MARRIAGE, the result of an abominable habit, all cases receiving EXTRA PRIVATE ATTENTION at our hands. The most rational, the most scientific and, therefore, the most successful treatment for obsolescence and protracted cases of Catarrh, Deafness, Uterine and all Female Diseases is that which we administer daily through instruments of our own invention, and of which we give a TRIAL TREATMENT FREE.

Medicines compounded in our own laboratory free to patients.

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Dr. Liebig & Co. SPECIALISTS For Chronic Diseases and DISEASES of MEN.

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YOUTH suffering from the results of follies or excesses, causing nervous debility, seminal weakness, loss of vigor and memory, responsibility, kidney, heart, brain, blood and genitourinary diseases.

MEN older in years, having too frequent evacuations of the bladder, with loss of vital material, phosphorus, etc., woolly or brick dust deposits in urine, which are symptoms of secondary seminal weakness, the loss of power, the loss of vitality, the loss of energy, the loss of the secret of curing the complications, the greatest remedy for all above diseases, to prove its value, \$1.00 bottle given of sent free with confidential box for men. Hours, 9 a. m. to 4:30 p. m., 7 p. m. to 9 p. m., Sundays, 10 to 12.

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THE ONLY BASIS

Upon which we solicit trade is: If you buy any article in this house and you are not perfectly satisfied in every way with your purchase bring the goods back and get your money. We don't solicit trade upon any other basis than the squarest methods known to legitimate merchandizing.

We have a number of well-known specialties that no other house handles. Among them the Royal Worcester Corset. They are sold upon their merits only. If you buy a Royal Worcester Corset and wear them from one to three weeks and feel that they are not what you want, bring them back and we will give you another Royal Worcester in a different shape and fit them to you perfectly. We don't want any dissatisfaction—will not have it where we have a chance to remedy it. We close Saturday nights; we give samples freely. The trade that visits the house receives every attention; they are waited upon in a perfect manner.

Every employee in this house is given a vacation; they are paid full time in advance. We are doing business upon a basis above criticism—the broadest, most liberal of any in this city. The business of this house is fully one-third larger than one year ago. Can't you endorse our methods by at least taking particular notice of the way you are waited upon in this house; more freedom in showing goods; more freedom in showing samples; the same attention to a looker as to a buyer; civility is the foundation, courtesy is the tower of strength. An advertiser that fails to carry out every idea advanced in an advertisement is doing more harm than he does good. Better save the money rather than pay it out to disappoint a customer. We cannot afford to disappoint you; we cannot afford to offer special inducements to city trade on a Saturday night and refuse country trade the same goods at the same price during the day. We value the country trade as well as we do the city trade; they are entitled to the same goods at the same price. How does the Farmers' Alliance like that style? One price to all.

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Dr. Woh's life work has been from early youth one of persistent and untiring observation, study and investigation, as fully as lay in his power to perfect himself in the branches of the art of healing human sickness and disease. Born in China, of influential parents, of a family whose ancestors have been for generations deservedly renowned as leading physicians, Dr. Woh naturally followed in the footsteps of his fathers. In China he has practiced his profession for several years, being at one time a physician in the Imperial Hospital, and in America for a long time. His great number of patients, his wonderful and many cures, and the great list of letters from grateful and thankful patrons now prove him to be a remarkable and successful healer of sickness and all disease.

For a long time I have been suffering with bladder and kidney troubles. No doctoring or medicines seemed to do me good. I consulted the best physicians and surgeons in Los Angeles, city. They gave me morphine and drugs, but no relief could I obtain. After suffering great pain and having my passage almost entirely clogged, I, fourteen days ago, began using Dr. Woh's medicines. Today I am perfectly well. I do consider Dr. Woh the most successful physician in Southern California. C. A. STEELE, 316 and 318 S. Main St., Los Angeles, Cal. October 13, 1891.

I have tried many doctors for heart disease, but have derived no benefit until Dr. Woh, the Chinese physician, of Los Angeles, city, prescribed for me. Two months ago I began my treatment and can now certify that he has done me great good. I recommend Dr. Woh to my friends as an able doctor. P. E. KING, Justice of the Peace, Burbank, Cal. Oct. 30, 1891.

Dr. Woh has hundreds of similar testimonials, but space alone prevents further publication of them here. Dr. Woh is the oldest and best-known Chinese Physician in Southern California. His many cures have been remarkable, involving Female Troubles, Tumors and every form of disease. Free consultation and all afflicted are cordially invited to call on Dr. Woh at his office.

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## HARRISON WINS.

(Continued from fourth page.)

tration in Ohio, health and happiness in private life and increasing usefulness in the service of his country. [Cheers.]

The resolution was unanimously adopted and Senator Cullom, demanding a rising vote, the entire convention stood up and cheered again for McKinley.

A resolution was also adopted conveying the thanks of the convention to Charles W. Johnson and Col. C. F. Meek, sergeant-at-arms, and to all other officers of the convention for the part in which they discharged their duties. A resolution was also adopted conveying the hearty thanks of the convention to the patriotic citizens of Minneapolis for the liberality of their entertainment. Both resolutions were unanimously adopted, the whole convention rising and greeting their passage with tremendous cheers. The secretary read an invitation from the city of Duluth to the delegates and alternates of the convention, asking them to visit Duluth. The secretary also read an invitation from the city of Winona to the celebration of our national independence July 4, 1892, at Winona, which is also the occasion for the dedication and opening of a steel bridge. The invitations were placed on file, with the thanks of the convention.

The secretary read the following telegram from Oregon: "Oregon indorses Republican principles by 8000 majority and will give President Harrison 10,000 in November. The Legislature is Republican in both branches. [Cheers.] E. T. McCormick, secretary; W. Boyce, chairman State Central Committee."

The secretary read the following, presented by M. H. de Young of California: Resolved, that the thanks of this convention be tendered to the Press Committee for the excellent facilities and arrangements provided for newspaper correspondents, particularly to Col. Pearce, Mr. Nind, Mr. Harris and Major Brackett, of the Executive Committee.

By unanimous consent, on motion of Cannon of Illinois, Chairman McKinley was appointed chairman of the Committee on Presidential Announcement.

Mr. Magee of Pennsylvania offered the following resolutions, which were adopted: Resolved, that the services of the retiring National Campaign Committee of 1888 entitle its members to the thanks of the Republican party of the Nation.

The secretary announced a special meeting of the National and State Republican League officers for tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

The Chairman. Is there any further business before the convention?

Mr. Lorimer. Mr. President, I move we now adjourn.

The Chairman. The gentleman from Illinois moves that this convention do now adjourn.

The motion was carried unanimously and the chairman announced that the convention now stands adjourned sine die.

After the adjournment the convention Committee on Notification assembled at the desk of Chairman McKinley and completed its organization.

## AFTER THE FIGHT.

What the Leaders Say—Blaine Men Disappointed But Not Bitter.

MINNEAPOLIS (Minn.), June 10.—[By the Associated Press.] The battle has been fought and the administration of Harrison sustained by the Republican party in his nomination for President for a second term. Every resource known to political warfare was brought to bear by the leaders of the opposition to defeat the President's renomination, but his friends held steadfast to the end. The name of Blaine on every occasion called forth a vast amount of enthusiasm, but the result demonstrated that a new era has arrived in national conventions, and the preferences of delegates will no longer be swayed by the manifestations of cheering thousands in the galleries. At no time did the name of President Harrison evoke the enthusiasm that was called forth by the names of Blaine and McKinley.

Half a dozen conferences were held in the early hours of the anti-administration league to determine what was best to be done. The proceedings of the convention show the result of these conferences. It was determined to keep Blaine in the field until the spirit of the convention had been obtained, and then endeavor by a skillful move to stampede the convention and nominate McKinley. Pennsylvania was the first State to turn aside against the compromise ushered forth by the almost solid vote of the State of Ohio and by Matt Quay, as in years gone by a prominent figure in Republican politics.

The exact effect which Harrison's nomination is to have upon the party will not be known until the passions of men have subsided. There is a great deal of bitterness tonight and probably much of this will live during the campaign, but whether it will be sufficient to endanger the success of the Republican ticket is problematical. Chairman Clarkson, ex-Senator Platt, J. Sloan Fassett, ex-Gov. Foraker and others intimate tonight that their coats are off and that they expect to enter the political field in behalf of the nominee of the Republican party. John C. New, who has figured largely in Harrisonian councils, is in fine spirits. He said they had made a hard fight, had met skillful opponents, but had nothing to say against them.

Ex-Senator Spooner said: "This has been the most remarkable contest of the kind that ever took place in this country, but the bitter, personal contest has left but little animosity behind and the indications are that the party will be united and win a splendid victory."

Conger of Ohio said: "I should have preferred to see Blaine nominated, but I consider that the convention made a good choice and will work to elect the nominee."

Senator Teller said: "Colorado believes Blaine would have been a stronger man, but we are loyal Republicans and stand by the ticket and if Harrison is defeated it will be by the men who forced his nomination."

New York, June 10.—The nomination of Harrison and Reid created a variety of sentiment in this city. M. M. Estee of California, who was chairman of the Republican National Convention in 1888, and who was a strong Blaine man, said: "Nominations are wholly acceptable to the business interests of the country. Harrison's administration has been strong and safe. The ticket will carry California."

H. W. Carman, president of the Chase National Bank and one of the best-known men in banking circles, said: "The renomination of President Harrison is especially gratifying to bankers and business men."

HELENA, June 10.—The nomination of Harrison was received here with great rejoicing. The office of the Journal, Russell Harrison's paper, was surrounded by anxious crowds during the count of the vote, who cheered as each bulletin was posted up. When the result was announced the cheering was accompanied by blasts from a multitude of tin horns, while the crowds stood in

the street in the rain. Harrison's victory was celebrated tonight with fireworks and general jubilation. The Journal will say, editorially, in the morning:

The renomination of President Harrison is a triumph of the rank and file of the Republican party over a combination of disgruntled politicians. It is a triumph of the clean, conservative business sense of the country over an unwelcome attempt to make merchandise of politics. In short, it is the redemption of the country from the threatened era of mendacity and meanness, the substitution of industrial progress for pyrotechnic posturing.

## HARRISON HEARS THE NEWS.

How the Tidings Were Received at the White House.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—[By the Associated Press.] It was 5:30 when President Harrison learned that the Republican convention had indorsed his administration by nominating him for a second term. He was sitting in his office at the time chatting with several members of the Cabinet, and was probably the least excited of the group. Reports were being received on a special wire and uninterrupted communication was established between the convention hall and the White House. About 3 o'clock, when it became known that a ballot was to be taken, Private Secretary Halford directed the telegraph room to be opened to the newspaper men and others present. Halford sat near the operator and Postmaster-General Wanamaker occupied another desk near by. They were each supplied with tally sheets. Around them were about thirty newspaper men and friends of the President. Secretary Elkins gravitated between the telegraph office and the President's room. He showed a thorough knowledge of the situation as it developed.

The operator handed the bulletins to Halford, who read them aloud, recorded the votes and then passed them to Russell Harrison or Lieut. Parker, by whom they were carried to the President, who read them to Secretaries Noble, Rusk, Tracy and Atty.-Gen. Miller. There was not the least excitement during the balloting up to the time it was announced that Ohio had cast forty-five votes for McKinley. This was entirely unexpected for and had doubt for a time Harrison's nomination on first ballot. When it was announced, however, that the Keystone State had given the President nineteen votes the small cloud was dispelled.

When the announcement came that Harrison was nominated, the operator became excited, and without attempting to write out the message, cried it out excitedly. Great excitement followed the good news. "Good," said Mr. Wanamaker, and Halford darted from the room to advise the President.

He was too late, however, as Mr. Tibbott, the President's stenographer, was standing in the hall, had heard the words and carried the news to the President before Halford reached him. Everybody, including the newspaper men, darted into the Cabinet-room and showered congratulations upon the President. He received them gratefully and shook hands with each. He was composed, but made no effort to conceal his intense gratification.

The news soon reached the private part of the executive mansion and Mrs. McKee, Mrs. Dimmick and Mrs. Parker hastened to the President's side. He received their congratulations in a most affectionate manner. A member of the Cabinet suggested that the President say a few words. The President hesitated and then made a short address. After felicitous remarks concerning the newspaper men, the President said:

I can only say with reference to this event, news of which is brought here, that the first thought which fills my mind is one of gratitude and thanks to the great multitude of friends who have in this way, and divers other ways, expressed approval of my administration. I have tried to treat every one with the respect his station entitles him to, and I have never in any case suggested, much less demanded, personal loyalty from any one. I have asked of all public officers the faithful performance of their duties. I have felt I was unable to find a suitable place for every deserving friend. As I have had life and strength I have tried to discharge my duties for the public good. I thank you all for the many expressions of your kindness. I wish also to express my thanks with a heart that overflows with gratitude to the faithful body of friends who have been so solicitous in my behalf, and more than that, to the great host of well-to-do, orderly, loving, patriotic Americans who always and everywhere received me kindly. [Applause.]

Secretary Noble came in while the President was speaking and was able to restrain his enthusiasm until the speech was concluded. When the President finished the servants passed forward, extending congratulations, and to one of them, a colored man from Virginia, the President said joyfully: "Now, Jerry, you must be sure to find a possum for me as soon as frost falls."

The President then excused the servants, and the visitors departed. The President himself imparted the information to Mrs. Harrison, and it acted upon her like a tonic, and she is brighter and more cheerful than she has been for several days. The President afterward went for a drive.

## BLAINE URGES HARMONY.

The Maine Man Asks All Republicans to Do Their Full Duty.

Boston, June 10.—[By the Associated Press.] Ex-Secretary Blaine and Mrs. Blaine left for Bar Harbor on the 7 p. m. train over the Boston and Maine Railroad. Before he left the city this evening Mr. Blaine gave this communication to a representative of the Boston Journal:

The resolution, energy and persistence which marked the proceedings of the convention at Minneapolis will, if turned against the common foe, win the election in November. All minor differences should be merged in the duty of every Republican to do all in his power to elect the ticket this day nominated by the National Republican Convention. JAMES G. BLAINE.

## COAST COMMENTS.

How San Francisco Papers Regard Harrison's Renomination.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 10.—[By the Associated Press.] The three morning newspapers of this city comment editorially upon the renomination of President Harrison. The Chronicle says:

While it would be idle to deny that the sentiment of a large majority of the Republican party in California favored Blaine, it is equally true that no Republican who has the interests of his party at heart has any right to feel dissatisfied with the action of the Republican convention in renominating President Harrison. The President Harrison will display during his second term the same qualities which have won him the first term, sound judgment, cool deliberation and sterling and irreproachable integrity, no one will dare to deny, and his election will follow his nomination with much certainty as one season follows another.

The Call says: Harrison's renomination is a signal victory of the better element in politics. The people have stood by the man who has served them well. Commitments never for a moment existed which would justify a vote for any other man than Harrison while Harrison was before the convention. The political atmosphere is clearer for the action of the convention. The better element of the Republican party is now in charge of the campaign.

The Examiner says: Harrison will hardly go as a safe, respectable candidate. The enlightened opinion, progressive sentiment and enthusiasm of the young and the earnest of the mature citizenship of the Republic are not with the degenerate Republicanism of 1892, a Republicanism commonplace, sordid, narrow, without worthy inspiration. To a national convention representing thoroughly this order of Republicanism Harrison appealed irresistibly for the embodiment of the spirit of the age.

Reid Receiving Congratulations. WHITE PLAINS (N. Y.), June 10.—At 10 o'clock tonight the telephone in Hon. Whitelaw Reid's country residence near this village began to ring. The ex-Minister and family received information that he had been nominated for Vice-President by acclamation. The telephone kept going until long after midnight until the inmates of Reid's house became weary answering calls. Many prominent Republicans called upon Mr. Reid and congratulated him upon the nomination. He also received many dispatches of the same import.

The National Co. Committee Meets. MINNEAPOLIS, June 10.—The first thing done at the meeting of the National Committee was the unanimous selection of J. S. Clarkson as temporary chairman and M. H. de Young of California as temporary secretary. The committee will meet in Washington June 27, when permanent organization will be effected. Clarkson was named by Powell Clayton of Arkansas. It is not certain that Clarkson will be willing to accept the place permanently.

Did Hill Write It? Troy (N. Y.), June 10.—An afternoon paper prints an interview with Hon. Edward Murphy, who declares there is no truth whatever in the published statement that David B. Hill has written him a letter authorizing the withdrawal of Hill's name as a candidate for the Presidency.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—Hill declined to affirm or deny the story that he sent a letter of withdrawal. His secretary, however, said it was a Mugwump lie.

A Sentence Commuted. SACRAMENTO, June 10.—The Governor has commuted the sentence of J. M. Proster, who was convicted of murder in the first degree in Los Angeles in November, 1888, and sentenced to life imprisonment. The sentence was commuted to thirteen years and six months. This is done on the recommendation of the prison directors, who have been considering the matter many months.

Prof. Burnhart Resigns. SAN JOSE, June 10.—It is stated that Prof. S. W. Burnhart has resigned the position of senior astronomer at the Lick Observatory and will shortly return to his old home in Chicago.

An English Turf Event. LONDON, June 10.—The Manchester cup was won by Balmoral, Hudson second, Enniskillen third.

A Colliery Disaster. MEXICO, June 10.—An explosion occurred in a coal pit near Meinsbach and sixteen miners were buried in the ruins.

What Is a Kiss, Anyway? [Jennett Miller's Magazine.]

Whatever a kiss be, there is but one thing that sanctifies it, one thing that should permit it, one thing that should demand it, and that is love. Not necessarily the love of a sweetheart; it may be the love of friendship, providing it be not a friendship between man and woman; the love existing in a family. Is not that kiss a mockery which the woman gives another when meaning when but a few moments before she had been gossiping about the one she now salutes? We are thankful that at last fashion has taken it in hand and frees us from the gushing woman who saluted us on all occasions with a kiss. We are glad that the custom of presenting the cheek in preference to the lips is becoming popular. It is a custom brought home by the foreign schoolgirl and the convent-bred girl of our own land.

The girl who has been taught to offer her cheek on demand, who has received a kiss on her brow, as a great honor, will not be so apt to give her lips to the first knight who comes a-wooing, the first man who flirts with her. She will know that her lips should only be kissed by one that she is sure loves her alone, and to whom she has given her heart.

We are told that the jealous Greek made his wife eat onions before she went from home. I wonder if she had him smoke cigarettes, drink beer and eat cheese when he went on his wanderings.

But truly the old Greek knew how to protect his wife's lips. One-half the pleasure of a kiss is in its fragrance—the illusive sweetness that makes a child's face so tempting and alluring.

Highlander Threats. [San Francisco Bulletin.]

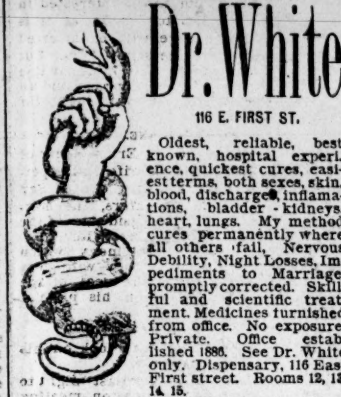
It seems hardly possible that the Chinese highlanders of San Francisco would be so mad as to seriously contemplate assassinating the white women missionaries engaged in rescuing Chinese slave girls from the clutches of those who hold them to infamy in the dens of Chinatown. It is even a demonstrated belief that they would attempt the murder of high Chinese girls sheltered in the missions. Yet these threats have been made over the names of the secret Chinese societies, and it is the experience of San Francisco that the warnings of these organized assassins are no idle threats. Even if they are intended merely to frighten missionaries and prevent their work of rescue, they are enough to warrant decided action. Highlanders can not be allowed to set up their rule here either by terrorism or force of arms. Our authorities should be able by legal measures to make the missionaries and their charges secure from actual or potential violence in an American city. Otherwise some other way will surely be found.

Enthusiasm. "I ain't crying," said little Ethel, cheerfully, from the dining-room, where she was having a light and solitary breakfast. "I'm glad to hear it," replied her mother from the adjoining room. "Why aren't you crying any dear?" "Cause I'm watching the contents of her overturned oatmeal bowl flowing over the table and trickling down to the floor; 'cause dere's no use crying over spilled milk."

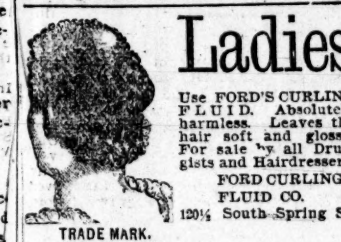
## SPRING AND SUMMER OPENING!!

## GORDAN BROTHERS

—THE—  
LEADING  
TAILORS  
118 South Spring,  
LOS ANGELES, - - CAL



Dr. White  
116 E. FIRST ST.  
Oldest, reliable, best known, hospital experience, quickest cures, east-western, both sexes, skin, blood, discharges, inflammations, bladder, kidneys, heart, lungs. My method cures permanently where all others fail. Nervous Debility, Night Losses, Impediments to Marriage, promptly corrected. Skillful and scientific treatment. Medicine furnished from office. No exposure. Private. Office established in 1870. See Dr. White only. Dispensary, 116 East First street. Rooms 12, 13, 14, 15.

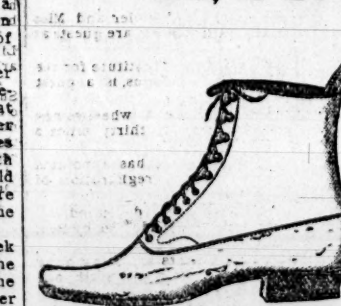


Ladies  
Use FORD'S CURLING PLUID. Absolutely harmless. Leaves the hair soft and glossy. Sold by all Druggists and Hairdressers. FORD CURLING PLUID CO. 1209 1/2 South Spring St.

TRADE MARK.

FINE

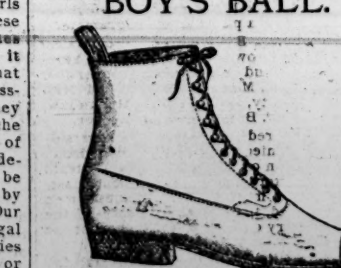
Russet and Russia Leather Shoes.



ST. LOUIS.



BOY'S BALL.



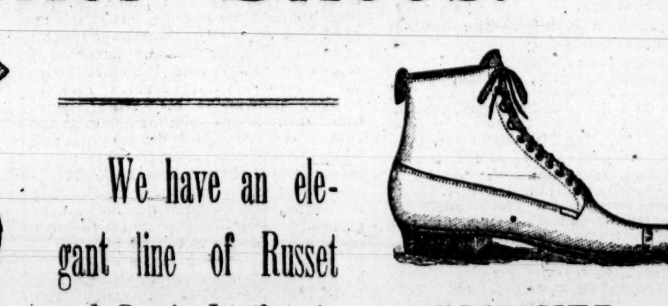
GLAZE TOE.

Gilbertson & Tyler Co.

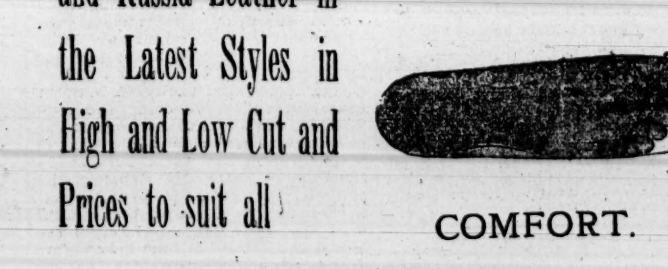
Hurrah for Harrison the tried and true,  
And hurrah for the republican party, too.  
Right royally the convention has done  
Renominating B. F. Harrison  
In the Minneapolis great convention hall.  
Some loudly for Blaine of Maine did call,  
Others on McKinley as a nominee relied;  
Nor was it long till all hopes died.  
Scarce had the balloting fairly begun  
News flew throughout the hall "It's Harrison"  
On the Chicago convention all now wait,  
Momentarily wondering who they'll nominate.  
In Harrison Hats and Suits you'll find  
New designs, they'll be of every kind;  
Finer assortment you'll nowhere see  
Than at the "London Clothing Company."  
Every soldier in the Republican ranks  
Desirable goods will find at "Harris & Frank's."

Artistic Photos! ☆  
Why pay \$5.00 or \$7.00 for a dozen  
CABINET PHOTOS when Dewey makes the very  
finest for \$3.50?  
COMPARE RESULTS:  
First premium awarded Dewey over all competitors  
on babies' and children's photographs at the last  
District Agricultural Fair, four premiums and dis-  
tinction. Developing and finishing for amateurs.  
Dewey's Art Parlors at 125 1/2 S. Spring-st and 147 S. Main-st.

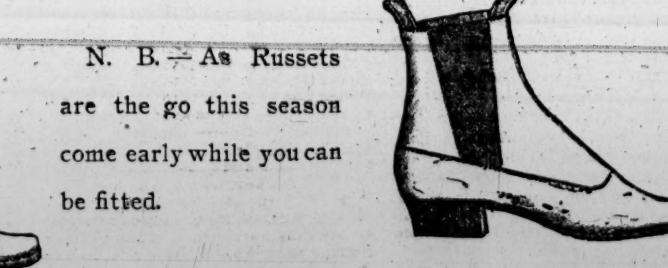
We have an elegant line of Russet and Russia Leather in the Latest Styles in High and Low Cut and Prices to suit all



BLUCHER.



COMFORT.



CONGRESS.





## PASADENA.

## News of Harrison's Nomination Creates No Enthusiasm.

## Ratification Meeting at Athletic Park In the Evening.

## A Depraved Wretch Given a Sound Drubbing.

## Several Painful Accidents Recorded—People on the Go—New Sprinkling Cart Arrives—Personals and Brevities.

"We will vote for him, but don't ask us to yell for him," said one of the leading Republicans of town just after the news of Harrison's nomination was received yesterday afternoon. This about sizes up the situation so far as Pasadena is concerned. A large crowd had congregated about the several bulletin boards and in the Western Union Telegraph office, and as the vote of the States on the first ballot was learned and it was seen that Harrison was more than holding his own, a state of gloom overspread the assemblage. Where the news flashed the news that Harrison was nominated not a single cheer was heard, nor did the slightest shade of enthusiasm manifest itself. The crowds simply dispersed and brought up here and there small groups to discuss how it all happened. These are facts not fancies, and it is simply giving the news, pure and simple, to state that the nomination is a decided disappointment to nine-tenths of the Republicans in this community and vicinity. Any other nomination would have stirred up some sort of enthusiasm, and either Blaine or McKinley would have aroused the people to concert pitch.

But Pasadena Republicans are not the kind that will fall to support a party's nominee, however much it advances their personal wishes, hence good, active work may be counted upon from this quarter during the campaign.

**THE RATIFICATION MEETING.** By evening when the ratification meeting was held under the auspices of the local Republican Club, a considerable amount of enthusiasm had been aroused. Following the news of Harrison's nomination a continuous volley was fired from two small guns at Athletic Park. The Ratification Committee was busy meanwhile in laying in a supply of fireworks and collecting material for a huge bonfire.

Shortly after 8 o'clock a large crowd congregated at the park. Lots of noise was furnished by the anvils and the shot-run brigade led by Judge Rose. Soon the immense pile of combustibles that had been arranged about a tall and slender tree stood ablaze and when going at full blast presented a big bonfire.

At 8:30 President J. A. Buchanan called the meeting to order. Judge Rose read the following list of gentlemen who had been chosen vice-presidents of the meeting. Most of them found seats on the grand stand: George F. Kerrigan, Dr. W. J. McCallister, Delos Arnold, A. G. Throop, Capt. Wasky, W. L. Williams, E. F. Hall, S. Washburn, W. E. Cooley, M. D. Painter, B. M. Watkins, C. A. Gardner, T. P. Lukens, A. H. Conger, Dr. P. H. Brown, W. L. Williams, W. H. Wiley, Dr. Channing, M. H. Wright, Van Stuyck, Judge O. F. Weid, Col. Hartwell, James McLachlan, John McDonald, Dr. H. K. Ward, Dr. H. Lawrence, Dr. W. A. Rowland, Dr. McCoy, L. P. Hansen, J. Banbury, H. J. Vail, M. Hughes and James W. Scoville.

Mr. Buchanan first read a speech brimful of loyalty and patriotism. He was followed by Judge Lammie of Alhambra, who admitted that his man had not received the nomination. He said he was feeling as well as could be expected under the circumstances, and really managed to pay a very graceful tribute to the nominee, whom he believed all good Republicans should support.

Judge H. W. Magee was the next speaker. He was gratified at the enthusiasm manifested and predicted that by election time no Republicans would be found skulking in the ranks. The history of the party was reviewed from the time of Lincoln and a few of its glorious achievements mentioned. A brilliant peroration closed the address, which evoked great enthusiasm.

Gen. L. A. Sheldon next spoke, and among those who followed were Capt. Simpson, W. E. Arthur, H. E. Rose and Mr. Lockert. The late hour forbids further mention in this issue.

## A DEPRAVED WRETCH PUNISHED.

Frank Childs of San Francisco, son of Mrs. E. C. Bangs of this place, and who is known to all the old-time Pasadena residents, here on a visit. He came for pleasure purposes only, but before he had been here long he came to the conclusion that he had some business to do here. He accordingly proceeded to attend to yesterday morning in a manner that will prove highly satisfactory to the entire community, except, perchance, the young man who witnessed the second party to the proceedings.

Several times lately ladies have been insulted by a young man who lives on Ellis street, between Orange Grove and Grand avenues, and whose name is withheld at present on account of his mother, who is believed to be an estimable woman. This young scoundrel—a name too good to apply to such a wretch—has indecently exposed his person recently on every possible occasion, care always being taken to hide his face. Thursday a relative of Mr. Childs was thus insulted while walking along the street. That evening Mr. Childs called at the house, but could not gain admittance. Yesterday morning early he called again, and at length met the mother of the young man who was looking for him. He was directed to a stable, but the building was found to be empty. A visit to a second stable, however, brought him face to face with the object of his search. It didn't take Mr. Childs long to explain the nature of his visit, nor to emphasize it by knocking his man down. Of course the depraved wretch was too cowardly to protect himself, hence Mr. Childs had to pick him up several times in order to give him half the drubbing he deserved. As he lay on the floor, badly bruised and battered, he promised never to do it again, whereupon his visitor departed.

Reports of like acts in this vicinity have become entirely too frequent of late and Mr. Childs is to be congratulated on his administering the only kind of punishment that is effective in such cases. The offense will hardly be repeated again very soon.

## NO ONE WAS HURT.

What might have proved a serious runaway occurred yesterday morning between 8 and 9 o'clock on South Raymond avenue. Mr. Everding and Miss Everding, guests at Hotel Green, had just started themselves in a buggy for a drive when one of the front wheels of the vehicle came off. This let the vehicle down and frightened the horse,

which ran up Raymond avenue at a rapid pace until a collision occurred in front of the California store, north of the postoffice, with a sprinkling cart, which resulted in the occupants being spilled out and the horse thrown all in a heap. Strange to say nothing was hurt. The ride, however, was indefinitely postponed.

**A PAINFUL ACCIDENT.** Mrs. S. S. Vaughn, whose home is on Maringo avenue, south of California street, met with a very serious and painful accident Thursday. In alighting from a carriage her foot caught in her clothing and she was thrown violently to the ground striking on her head. Two bones were broken in her face, one below the right eye and the other further down. Dr. Mohr was called upon and by some nice surgical work he placed the broken bones in proper position again. He was assisted by Dr. Prasad. Mrs. Vaughn is doing as well as could be expected under the circumstances.

**PASADENA BREVITIES.** Mrs. W. S. Wright is quite seriously ill. The nomination was certainly a surprise. Judge Eaton was up from South Pasadena yesterday.

Inspector Richardson is collecting a great exhibit of trees and plants for the World's Fair.

Mr. T. Howe is building a new barn on the corner of the residence property on East Colorado street.

Wednesday was cool and clear. The "Santa Ana" of the previous day had taken its departure.

W. G. Benedict & Son report the sale of sixteen acres of land for Jacoby Bros. to Mrs. A. T. Canfield for \$4800.

Rev. L. M. Andrews of Santa Paula stopped over here yesterday on his way home from the state Universalist convention at Riverside.

There was a large attendance at the Knights of the Macabees entertainment yesterday evening and all present had a good time.

At the medal contest held Thursday night at the Tabernacle Harold Bray of Monrovia was awarded the prize. Many were present from Monrovia and Los Angeles.

A highly entertaining time was enjoyed at the Carlton last night by a number of guests on the occasion of a cabaret party, given by Misses Martin and Cleveland.

Six minutes after Harrison was nominated yesterday the news was posted on the bulletin board. B. Willis Hines and the Western Union Company are rustlers.

A regular meeting of the Society for Ethical Culture will be held at 3 o'clock tomorrow afternoon at the Conservatory of Opera room. Charles F. Harris will speak on "Free Thought."

A large party of Los Angeles, piloted by Mr. Siegel, will go up to Camp Wilson tomorrow. They will take The Times Flyer and be met at Lamanda Park by one of Wiley & Greely's four-in-hands, which will transport them to the foot of the trail.

The city's new sprinkling cart arrived yesterday morning over the Terminal road fresh from the Studebaker works back in Indiana. It has a capacity of 600 gallons and is a dandy, fitted up with all the latest appliances. It will be drawn by the fire department horses. The street sprinkling cart has four new carts on the way here.

Rev. Dr. Conger and family leave Monday for Fresno, where they will join a party of friends of Rev. J. W. Conger, Fresno and family. Dr. Conger and family of the same city and Congressman Rowell of Illinois, for a trip through the Yosemite. The journey will be made in a special train, and the trip is anticipated.

**POMONA.** Absolutely no demonstration whatever—Preparations for the Fourth.

Business was almost suspended in this city yesterday on account of the election. The great crowds of people stood in front of the Western Union Telegraph and the telephone companies' offices reading the bulletins as they were posted up. When the news came in of Harrison's nomination there was absolutely no demonstration whatever. The boys were all loaded for Blaine, and the result of his nomination was going to "turn the town upside down."

As soon as the result was posted everybody went at once to their homes, and that was the last of it. The Republicans of this city were overwhelmingly for Blaine, and with a little to believe that Harrison was nominated.

It has been the custom of the Hotel Palomar to close during the dull winter months. This time the Board of Trade, which is always on the alert for the city's best interest, is determined to take the matter in hand, and at the last moment appointed a committee to confer with the Executive Committee of the board of directors of the hotel and see that it was kept open.

While Mr. Lammie was speaking the Pasadena band was appearing and played a number of patriotic selections during the evening.

V. G. Rossiter was next brought to the front. Mr. Rossiter confessed that he had loved and lost, but this was better than not to have loved at all. He was feeling as well as could be expected under the circumstances, and really managed to pay a very graceful tribute to the nominee, whom he believed all good Republicans should support.

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## SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY.

## Street Cars to Again Run in San Bernardino.

## A Large Force of Men Put to Work on the Tracks.

## A Largely Attended Anti-bond Meeting Held at Colton.

## A Big Delegation in Attendance from Riverside. Much Interest Manifested in the Proceedings—Riverside and Redlands Budgets.

**SAN BERNARDINO.** The citizens are now convinced that there are to be street cars on the main thoroughfare and that the unsightly and dangerous condition of the streets is to be remedied by street car tracks, properly graded and paved, as yesterday a very large force of men was at work plowing up the bed of the street car line on Third street for its entire length. The line of the bed was from Base Line south on D street to Third and west on Third to the Santa Fe depot. There is some objection to the opening of this line of cars, but it emanates from those interested in some way in the motor roads, as it is thought that some travel will be diverted from the motor to the street cars. But there is little ground for this. The car line is to be opened by a new company and all the stock subscribed. It was bought for \$50 per share.

**REMISS-OBSERVE.** On Wednesday afternoon Ervin Bemis of Rialto took himself a wife. In the person of Miss Adelaide Osborne, one of San Bernardino's fairest daughters, the marriage occurring at the residence of the bride's parents on Third street. Rev. J. E. Harper performed the ceremony which united the young couple. They will go to housekeeping at once in the new cottage occupied by the groom on his place at Rialto.

**SAN BERNARDINO BREVITIES.** Marcus A. Mark yesterday took out his final naturalization papers.

The Republican Club met last night to arrange for the grand ratification meeting tonight.

A meeting of the baseball enthusiasts was held at the City Hall last night for the purpose of organizing a San Bernardino nine.

The storm of Thursday left a heavy blanket of snow on the mountains, and yesterday Grayback was glistening white in the sunlight.

Although the Republicans are now ready for work for the election of Harrison, the news of his nomination was received in silence, not one word being heard.

The Times-Index does some pretty rapid work for a local paper. It goes to press at 4 p.m. and at 4:06 the first edition is on the motors for Colton and Riverside.

The Times-Index of last evening noted the death of Ervin Bemis, one of San Bernardino's fairest daughters, the marriage occurring at the residence of the bride's parents on Third street. Rev. J. E. Harper performed the ceremony which united the young couple. They will go to housekeeping at once in the new cottage occupied by the groom on his place at Rialto.

The city finances are not in a very good condition. The street fund has been overdrawn by \$8,432.73 and the receipts for the month will barely meet running expenses. There has been some dispute regarding the monthly statement of the City Clerk, which did not show this sum overdrawn, but an examination of the city finances show such to be the case. Over \$8000 of the fund has been overdrawn before January 1, 1892.

**RIVERSIDE.** The Universalist general convention elected the following officers to the State society for the ensuing year: H. A. G. Throop, Pasadena, president; Rev. George H. Deere, D.D., Riverside, vice-president; Rev. E. C. Conger, D.D., Pasadena, secretary; A. L. Conger, treasurer. The above, together with the following, constitute the executive board: William Finch, Riverside; Charles H. Deere, Santa Paula; Maj. George F. Robinson, Los Angeles.

**RIVERSIDE BREVITIES.** Myron Algire is in San Diego on a business trip.

Rev. Calvin Ogburn will deliver the K. P. sermon at the residence of C. E. Pack. Several couples will go tomorrow to Cold Water Canyon on their wheels.

Mrs. D. C. Twoogood is reported as being very ill at her home on Prospect street.

A pleasant party of friends was entertained by Mrs. M. H. Heath on Thursday afternoon.

S. P. Lawler, Miss M. M. Lawler and Miss A. Lawler of Muscatine, Iowa, are guests at the Glenwood.

John W. Wason, of the Institute for the Cure of Inebriates at Los Gatos, is a guest at the Glenwood.

Riverside has some good wheelmen who find it no task to make thirty miles a day on their "cycles."

The Board of Supervisors has appointed J. C. Hardman to receive registration of voters for Riverside.

The first service in the dedicated Alt. St. Peter's church will be conducted by Rev. Dr. Deere tomorrow.

Additional electric lights are being hung at the intersections of Main and Sixth, and Main and Tenth streets.

J. T. Cobb and daughter, of Los Angeles are guests of the guests of the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Bell of the East Side.

While in this city attending the Universalist convention, Maj. George F. Robinson, U.S.A., general agent of the Chicago and Alton of Los Angeles, were in Santa Barbara yesterday.

The now somewhat celebrated William Schott, whose case has been pending for some time in Justice Wheaton's court, and who was at liberty on his own recognizance, has disappeared. If he only stays away everybody will be happy.

Case, the man arrested for deserting his family, was brought down last evening on the steamer. His brother, P. Castro, has secured counsel, and also bail until the case is disposed of.

meeting was to protest against a wrong and to lend the enthusiasm of this meeting to the cause of the people.

William Hays was elected chairman, and upon taking the chair said that those at the meeting were faithful with the object of the gathering. H. P. Howe of Redlands was made secretary, and a committee on resolutions was appointed, consisting of A. F. Nafziger of Riverside, H. H. Sinclair of Redlands, C. O. Banning of O. A. Smith of South Riverside and O. A. Percy of Ontario. A letter from Dr. J. P. Booth of the Needles was read approving the action of the citizens in their meeting.

T. H. B. Chambliss spoke at length comparing the action of the County Board of Supervisors to that of the James boys and Dalton Gang, as they surrounded the people to stand and throw up their hands while the Supervisors take from their pockets \$350,000 for the construction of a palace for which there is no need, and give by bond or direct tax—stand not on the order of giving, but give. George Cooley of Colton said that an intelligent man would not be between the wheels of a great machine, and that the people must sneeze, said that the Supervisors cannot levy a direct tax to build the Courthouse if the citizens of Redlands were unequalledly opposed to the building of a \$250,000 Courthouse. But unless "sneezed" that the direct tax cannot be levied they felt that the citizens of Redlands were unequalledly opposed to the building of a \$250,000 Courthouse. But unless "sneezed" that the direct tax cannot be levied they felt that the citizens of Redlands were unequalledly opposed to the building of a \$250,000 Courthouse.

W. L. Burton, City Attorney of Colton, said he did not like the idea that every time the Supervisors sneezed, the people must sneeze, said that the Supervisors cannot levy a direct tax to build the Courthouse if the citizens of Redlands were unequalledly opposed to the building of a \$250,000 Courthouse. But unless "sneezed" that the direct tax cannot be levied they felt that the citizens of Redlands were unequalledly opposed to the building of a \$250,000 Courthouse.

The plans prepared for the enlarging of Mill Creek canal and lining it with stone, as a part of the storm-water ditch system, will cost about \$300,000.

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## ORANGE COUNTY.

## How the News of the Nomination Was Received.

## A Big Ratification Meeting at Santa Ana Last Night.

## An Ingenious Swindle Which is Being Quite Generally Worked.

## The "Fruit Company" Fraud and How It is Manipulated—The Charivari Shooting Case—Meeting of Anaheim Trustees.

## SANTA ANA.

The residents of Santa Ana yesterday were an expectant people. All day long The Times branch office and the Western Union Telegraph office were crowded with people of all political parties anxious to hear the latest news from Minneapolis. After the balloting began interest increased and the number of people that faced the bulletin board was greatly increased. Soon after the balloting began the crowd made up their minds that it would be Harrison on the first ballot, as it proved to be.

As the Republicans in Orange county were, largely, well supporters of the man from Maine, there was a temporary feeling of disappointment among a great many of them when the choice of the convention flashed over the wire. But upon second thought they realized that that doctrine of the grand old party teaching its followers to abide the will of the majority and to abide for the success of the party was still intact, and preparations were at once begun for the ratification as previously announced.

The various committees appointed at a recent meeting of Republicans set to work and before the sun had hid its face behind the placid waters of the Pacific cannon were booming and flags were generally flying in honor of the county.

A very ingenious swindle which is being practiced quite extensively now in various fruit sections of the country has recently come to the attention of Government officials. The swindle has been sent out to all postal departments.

A "fruit company" which only exists on paper, and which is a mere shell, will address a number of letters dated generally New York or New Orleans, to say "John Smith," its traveling agent, at different places of sedition more than 3000 or 5000 letters, in case of the leading hotel, indorsed: "Hold until Mr. S. calls." In due course of time Mr. Smith makes his appearance and being a smooth, polite gentleman, a good talker, and apparently full of business he soon makes friends with everybody. His mail is handed to him in the office, and upon opening it he finds a number of letters, generally for about \$50, drawn on some well-known New York bank. In another letter he receives supposed latest quotations in the fruit market, and in yet another letter he starts out and soon succeeds in taking a large number of orders, as no payments are required, and upon the delivery of the fruit, his business is finished. He goes to the hotel, asks for his bill and then it occurs to him that he is just a little short of money and the check is produced. The hotel proprietor does not deem it policy to refuse to take it, and thus he becomes swindled for when the check is placed in a collection it is before long returned with the information that the "fruit company" is not a depositor and is not known.

**THE CHARIVARI SHOOTING.** The charivari shooting case at Newport, in which John E. Ellis shot J. Lynch in the leg, came before Justice of the Peace Freeman yesterday at 10 o'clock a.m. and continued through the day, many witnesses being examined for both the plaintiff and defendant. At 5 p.m. the attorneys finished their argument, and the justice dismissed the defendant on the ground that the evidence received went to show that Ellis was acting in self-defense.

**PROTESTING AGAINST AN APPROPRIATION.** A petition was being circulated yesterday and liberally signed by taxpayers, protesting against the appropriation of \$7500 toward a county exhibit at the coming World's Fair. President C. M. Wells of the Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce, in a letter to the Board of Supervisors, at which time the advisability of making the appropriation will be voted upon, said that he was requested to be present and to express their will in the matter of making the appropriation.

**SANTA ANA BREVITIES.** The work of laying out camping lots at Newport Beach was begun yesterday. Fine ripe blackberries were seen in the market yesterday, the first of the season. The young athletes of the county are taking of having another field day in the near future.

Norman Roper went to Los Angeles yesterday to take the examination for admission to State University.

The wind of Thursday is reported to have blown off a good many green apricots in some portions of the valley.

Fishing at Newport is resulting in many big catches. Scarcely a day passes but teams come to the city with yellow tail. The batting order of the Santa Ana baseball club today at Riverside will be Melford Hartin, Peter Gills, C. Mallett, H. Harry, J. Mallett, Moberg, F. Mallett.

The delinquent tax list has been published by the Blade Publishing Company, and the fact that it shows but twelve columns of matter speaks well for the finances of the county.

A meeting of the Board of Health was held Thursday afternoon at which Dr. J. G. Bailey was elected permanent president, and other action taken looking toward vigorous measures for the health and cleanliness of the city.

An action to recover possession of land was filed yesterday with O. P. Riggs as plaintiff and the Santa Ana and Westminister Railroad as defendant. The land is located on Second street, and is another one of the cases brought for the purpose of ousting the new railroad.

**ANAHEIM.** A special meeting of the City Trustees was called Thursday evening by President Witte, at which a certificate of title to the city lot upon which stand the water works and jail, just received from the abstract company, was submitted, showing that the city already owned the twenty-five foot front of the lot, which was supposed to mark the boundary line of the lot, and which the board had decided by a recent resolution to purchase, so as to get sufficient room for contemplated improvements. It seems that the surveyor who set the stakes measured off but sixty-five feet depth of the lot, when it should have been ninety; the fence was put on the sixty-five foot line and the other twenty-five feet has ever since been assessed to the owner of the adjoining property. The board by vote empowered the president to employ a surveyor to set the proper line, remove all obstructions.

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structions on the twenty-five foot strip and define the new boundary by a fence. Quite a shower of rain fell on expected Thursday morning, enough to start all the water spouts to running for some minutes. During the day the wind blew disagreeably, raising the dust after the rain had died off and shaking considerable fruit from the trees. No other damage was done.

Ben Porter and party left yesterday with a camping outfit for the Jacinto Mountains, where they will spend a month or so in prospecting, hunting and fishing. They will travel the entire distance by team, will "camp out" and expect to have a jolly time, being well provided with all the necessities of life.

A large and select audience greeted Prof. Orin E. Smith at the Del Campo. Thursday night, and were agreeably entertained in the rendition of a fine musical programme by the professor and pupils.

R. W. Richardson and E. R. Amerige will shortly open up a produce and commission house in Fullerton.

Prof. McGowan, teacher of the dancing school, gave an enjoyable social hop at the Del Campo last night.

Timothy Lynch and wife have moved here from San Francisco for permanent residence.

A very exciting runaway occurred on Center street yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock. Dr. Hunt's horse became frightened at something and started up street with the top buggy. Near the corner of Claudia, he took the sidewalk and came sailing down the 12-foot cement course, struck the telegraph pole opposite the post office, but went on and brought up against a hitching post in front of Lieb's saloon, where he was caught. A horse hitched to a cart in front of Lyons



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It has long been customary among the Chinese people when one becomes sick and when repeated attempts to cure him have failed, and he is perhaps given up to die, if after having been taken to an eminent physician, he is cured, to in addition to the regular fee for professional services rendered, make the physician a present as a token of gratitude for his restoration to health and the prolongation of his life. This present consists usually of a broad plank, presenting much the appearance of a sign-board, filled with characters entirely meaningless to the average English scholar, but full of meaning to the successful physician and his friends. It is a motto which highly compliments the physician for his great skill in effecting a cure of the disease which once afflicted the donor.

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### THE COURTS.

#### Testimony in the Temple Street Grade Case.

Heavy Damages Claimed by Several of the Property-holders.

Suit for Lawyers' Fees Against Dr. Bragg and Mrs. Abila.

Judgment for \$4850 Given Against the Couple—San Pedro Water Front Case Before Judge McKinley—General Court Notes.

Judge Shaw and a jury were occupied yesterday in listening to the testimony for the defense in the "Temple street grade" case. A number of witnesses were recalled and two new defendants introduced their evidence, viz., Dr. H. S. Orme and J. W. Winston. The former, who owns a sixty-foot lot on Bunker Hill avenue, claims that it will be wholly confiscated by the proposed improvement and asks \$10,000 damages; while the latter, on behalf of his wife, asks for \$50,000 for her property, a lot on Temple and Bunker Hill avenue, 60x150 feet. At 8 o'clock in the afternoon the jury was taken out to inspect the property in charge of Surveyor E. T. Wright, and court then adjourned until 10 o'clock this morning.

GIVEN A JUDGMENT.

Judge Wade tried the case of Clayton B. Wilson vs. B. F. Bragg and Esperanza B. de Abila, an action to recover \$4850, alleged to be due for legal services rendered by the firm of Messrs. Bragg, Wilson & Lamm, by whom the claim was transferred to plaintiff, and at the close of the testimony ordered judgment for the plaintiff as prayed for. The defendants, who arrived late, asked the Court for time in which to prepare affidavits in support of a motion for a continuance, but the Court denied the request.

SAN PEDRO WATER FRONT SUIT.

In Department Six yesterday the trial of the case of the City of San Pedro vs. the Southern Pacific Company, an action to enjoin defendant from constructing a wharf near that of the Pacific Improvement Company on the shore of Wilmington Bay, was resumed before Judge McKinley, by whom, at the close of the argument, it was ordered submitted upon briefs, each side being allowed twenty days within which to prepare the same.

TO BE COMMITTED TO WHITTIER.

The case against G. W. Schlegel, a sixteen-year-old boy, charged with having stolen a horse and buggy belonging to D. Ellsworth, was called for examination in the County Court by Justice Stanton yesterday afternoon, but upon motion of Deputy District Attorney Blades the matter was continued until Tuesday next in order that proceedings may be taken toward having the boy sent to the Whittier reform school.

Court Notes.

In Department One yesterday morning the case against D. W. Kites charged with grand larceny, was called by Judge Smith, but was transferred to Department Six and reset for trial in that department on June 27.

Upon motion of the District Attorney two informations were filed in Department One yesterday morning charging Louis Reese with burglary, and Judge Smith fixed Monday next as the time for the arraignment of the defendant upon the same.

In Department Three yesterday morning Judge Wade continued the hearing of the motion for a writ of possession in the case of Augustus King vs. Mrs. Jemima Eddy et al., until Monday next.

In Department Four yesterday morning Judge Van Dyke heard and granted the application of Bishop Francis Mora for leave to mortgage certain real property in East Los Angeles for the benefit of the church.

In Department Five yesterday morning Judge Shaw sustained the demurrer of the defendant in the case of Albert C. Eschrich vs. Will Moore et al., but granted the plaintiff therein leave to amend his complaint, by consent.

In the case of Martin Olsen, a Norwegian, was duly admitted to citizenship of the United States by Judge Shaw yesterday upon producing necessary proof of residence here and taking the requisite oaths of renunciation and allegiance, and Judge McKinley performed like service for Christian Jensen, a Dane.

The calendar of all departments of the Superior Court, except that of Judge Shaw, who will proceed with the trial of the Temple street grade case, are clear for today.

James H. Murphy appeared before Commissioner Van Dyke yesterday morning for preliminary examination upon the charge of having uttered and passed counterfeit dollars at Fresno on Thanksgiving day, but after four witnesses had been examined for the Government, the matter was continued until June 25, for further hearing.

Proceedings have been commenced by Charles Edward Huber to obtain a divorce from Mrs. Mary A. Huber, on the ground of desertion.

New Suits.

Among the documents filed with the County Clerk yesterday were the preliminary papers in the following new cases:

Mary A. Pounyfourat vs. W. F. Nordholt et al., suit to obtain a partition of a piece of real property on the northeast corner of First and Main streets; for the appointment of a receiver and an accounting.

Petition of John H. Temple for letters of administration to the estate of Nicholas Workman, deceased, who died on February 4 last, leaving personal property valued at \$420.

Alfredo A. Alvarado vs. P. C. Towner; suit to foreclose a mortgage for \$6109.24.

W. G. McLaugh, receiver, vs. Stearns Manufacturing Company et al.; suit to recover \$3000, the value of certain property converted by defendants to their own use, and for \$2200 damages.

Theodore F. Meyer vs. J. W. McEvers; suit to recover \$796.70 on a deficiency judgment, assigned to plaintiffs by T. H. Ward.

Chamber of Commerce Directors.

The Board of Directors of the Chamber of Commerce met yesterday afternoon. There were present Directors Wells, Hellman, Breed, Johnson, Braun, Jenne, Hughes, Forman, McGarvin.

After the transaction of routine business the board proceeded to consider the revised by-laws. They were read very critically and each provision treated to an exhaustive discussion.

The work was finally referred back to the committee for further consideration. The board then adjourned.

### THE WORLD'S FAIR.

#### Partial Reports Submitted by Several of the Committees.

A special meeting of the World's Fair Committee was held in the Chamber of Commerce rooms yesterday, at which partial reports were made by several committees.

Mr. Lukens, chairman on curios, exhibited a plan of cases for making this exhibit in the district display. The cases occupy a floor space of 20x40, the center one being 10 feet high, 30 feet long and 10 wide. This is surrounded with counter show cases resting on a three-foot corner of the center case, where an attendant can stand as body-guard over the exhibit. These cases will be nickel plated and attractively constructed. The estimated cost was \$700 to \$1000.

The Committee on Cereals reported a collection of grain in sheaf and many promises of grain after it is threshed.

The Committee on the Nut Exhibit displayed a plan of a pyramid of glass show cases covering a floor space of 10x10, mounted on top of which is a glass column fifteen feet high surmounted with a glass urn; the cases to be filled with walnuts, the display of grade and quality being made from front view of the cases, the column being the ornamental feature. No action was taken on either plan, as this was a special meeting called for the purpose of arranging some manner of organizing the county in order that systematic work could be done throughout the different districts.

A committee of three, consisting of Messrs. Klokke, Vawter and Lukens, was appointed to select a manager with power to employ him and stipulate the work he should do.

The matter of applying for space in department buildings was taken up and Messrs. Forrester, Wells and Wiggins appointed to make an estimate on the amount this county would require and report the same to the Western California association the 20th of this month.

The committee then adjourned.

Mrs. Cole, lady manager for this district, has just returned from a trip to Santa Barbara and Ventura, where she organized a Ladies' World's Fair Committee in each place. She reports the prospects very flattering, as all the ladies appear much interested in the work.

### BASEBALL.

#### Another Society Game at Athletic Park Today—San Jose Notes.

This afternoon there will be a ball game at Athletic Club Park which will doubtless attract a large attendance. The contestants will be the Insurance men's club, which has an unbroken record of victories, and a nine selected from the members of the Boyle Heights Tennis Club. All the players are more or less prominent in social circles, and the exhibition will undoubtedly bring out a large gathering of their admirers, especially among the fair sex. Game will be called at 3 o'clock, the batting order of the team being as follows:

Insurance men—Hicks, first base; Webb, second base; Prutz, short stop; Robinson, center field; MacVean, right field; Wachtel, third base; Patrick, left field; Fleishman, catcher; Hart, pitcher.

Boyle Heights club—W. Chapman, pitcher; Ward, pitcher; Welcome, first base; S. Chapman, second base; Gey, main, third base; Edwards, shortstop; Will Teale, left field; Fred Teale, center field; Holloway, right field.

The following paragraphs are taken from the San José Mercury of Thursday:

Manager Vanderbeck's crew of ball-players and lemon-squeezers showed up yesterday in the game against the San José team, and won the first game of this series by hitting in the third inning. Louis Balz, who is the tall member of Oakland did not consider speedy enough for his team, was in the points for the Angels, and proved a puzzle to the San José batters, allowing but six scattered hits and finding his position in perfect form.

Tredway, the funny man from the South, was in the game all the time, and by the way what an amount of lung power that man has and exercises. "Tred," you're a good one on the coaching lines, and together with "Rasty" Wright make a good team.

In the third for Los Angeles Tredway got to first on balls and then it was that the Angels hit the ball. McCauley made long drive to deep right, but was good for two cushions, but Umpire McDonald called it foul, though it was a fair hit by test. After the usual kick about the decision, "Tred" turned to the plate from third base, where he was resting after his effort, and this time he singled to center, so that there could be no doubt of his being fair. Has sameear also singled to center, scoring Tredway and Capt. Gianalvis scored McCauley and Hassamear on his long drive to left center for two bags. The next three went out in order, but the Angels had added three runs to their score, and Manager Vanderbeck, who sat in the grand stand smoking his "tuffer" cigar, smiled.

### PUBLIC WORKS.

#### Recommendations Adopted by the Board at Yesterday's Meeting.

At the regular weekly meeting of the Board of Public Works, held yesterday, the following recommendations were adopted for submission to the Council yesterday:

On the petition from D. A. Cashman et al., for Council to order Eleventh street graded, graveled and curbed, under specifications No. 5, between the east side of Vernon street to the east side of Alvarado street, we recommend that the petition be granted and the City Engineer instructed to present ordinance of intention.

On the petition from S. White for Council to order a curb placed in front of lot 15, block 28, East Los Angeles, we recommend that the Street Superintendent be instructed to remove the return curbs and lay curb as petitioned for.

Recommend that the petition from C. E. Plummer et al. for Council to establish the grade of Vernon street, between Eleventh and Pico streets, be granted and the City Engineer instructed accordingly.

In the matter of the petition of George T. Hanley et al., for Council to order the Chas. Levine road surveyed and defined from Adobe street to Elysian Park, and all obstructions removed therefrom, we recommend that the City Engineer ascertain said road has been properly dedicated, and if the same has been done that he then proceed to survey and define said road, and in the matter of the petition from J. E. Hunsicker et al., for the Council to order Grand street from its intersection with Sentinel street to its westerly terminus graded, graveled, curbed with cement and cement sidewalk five feet wide laid on both sides, all work to be done under the provisions of part four of the general street law, we find that the City Engineer has estimated the cost and his estimate is less than \$2 per foot on each side of the street, we therefore recommend that a sewer suitable in size be also laid on said street and included in this improvement, and that the City Engineer present estimate of cost, and if the same is in excess of \$2 per front foot that he also present ordinance of intention.

A careful and conservative estimate of the hay crop in the pass for this season places it at 1200 tons.—[Banning Herald.]

### I AM CRANDALL.

#### The Insurance Swindler at Last Confesses.

Ho Admits That He is the Man Who Sees at the Depot—on Buffalo on His Arrival.

Thousands of People Anxious to Get a Glimpse of Him—Recognized at Once by His Son and a Number of Old Friends.

Crandall has at last broken down and confessed everything. A special dispatch from Buffalo, N. Y., of date June 5, says:

Crandall has confessed. Realizing the futility of further attempting to deny his identity in the face of the web of evidence which has been so completely woven about him, Crandall sent for his counsel, this morning and said: "There is no use in concealing my identity any longer. I am Crandall, Bryant B. Crandall." This statement was made public by the lawyer.

### CREATED A SENSATION.

#### Crandall's Arrival at His Old Home—The Scenes at the Depot.

The facts of Crandall's arrival and identification at Buffalo have already been briefly given in the Associated Press dispatches. The Buffalo Evening Times of the 4th gives the following interesting details:

The expected arrival of President Harrison or some other great dignitary could have hardly excited more interest than did that of the alleged Bryant B. Crandall. Detectives Deah and Lynch and their fellow famous charge were known to be on the Lake Shore train due at 8:20 last night. Long before that time the large Central station was packed and jammed. Men were packed nervously up and down the train, which overflowed into the great throng, which overflowed into the great throng. The latter were the favored and only such as had influence with the railroad company, police, or were interested legally in the identification of Crandall, or held railroad tickets were permitted to pass through the gates. Quite a number purchased tickets for other trains leaving at the same hour, so they could have the opportunity of being among the first to see and greet the alleged Crandall when he stepped from the express.

Nelson O. Tiffany, Dr. Brown, young John Crandall, Charles Newman and Samuel Stewart of Clifton street, an old friend, paced nervously up and down the train house waiting for the train. Detectives and patrolmen stood around as plentiful as violets in May. Detectives Mack, O'Loughlin, Reagan and Donovan were there to assist their confreres, if it should be necessary.

The train drew its long length rapidly into the shed.

Everybody kept an eye on the sleepers, as they thought the party must surely be in one of them, but they all went by the usual station, without any one catching a glimpse of the man they all wanted to see.

"He didn't come on this train," cried the first of the words were fairly out of their mouths Detective Deah, with a handbag in one hand and his coat slung over a shoulder, was seen stepping from the usual station, and before the side he pulled his hat down over his face, almost masking it from the many curious eyes that were directed toward him. Nevertheless, people were sure it was the man wanted, and several addressed him as "Mr. Crandall," but he paid no more attention to the salutation than would a man who had "other business."

When the party started for the carriage by way of the waiting-room, the crowd which surged about was so great that it took five minutes before the side of the train was reached and Crandall started on his way to headquarters.

The arrival there was a repetition of that at the depot, and soon the large corridors, office and even staircase were crowded with curious spectators.

The detectives at once rushed their prisoner into Superintendent's office.

Before any business was done, Crandall was served with a luncheon, which he ate with much relish.

Then followed a long and very searching examination by the superintendent. Question after question was put to the man in the hope of obtaining an admission that he was Bryant B. Crandall, but it was Greek against Greek, and the police superintendent had his trouble for his pains. But while the man would not admit that he was Crandall, he did not deny that he was.

After a while Mr. Tiffany and Dr. Brown were admitted.

The old man looked up as any one would upon a look of another. He gave no sign of recognition when Mr. Tiffany, holding out his hand, said familiarly: "How are you, Crandall, old man? I am glad to see you back."

All Crandall replied was: "I have not the pleasure of your acquaintance."

Dr. Brown tried the same tactics and was treated to a similar reply.

Then the old man was asked if he wished to see his son.

"My son?" he asked in a querulous tone and a look of surprise. "No, I don't want to see anybody else tonight. If I can help it, until tomorrow. I would like to go to bed."

Nevertheless he was ushered into the telegrapher's room and John B. Crandall and his friend, Samuel Stewart, admitted to the room just vacated. The young man with Crandall who had leaved it from the owner, and just as he stepped there for that purpose the old man saw him and, raising his hat, partially hid his face from view.

"The young man had seen enough. 'I think it is my father,' he said, 'but he has changed a great deal since I saw him last. I don't think he recognizes me. Why should he? It is more than six years since he saw me last and I was then a little lad. I have grown two feet since then.'"

"Is it so that you will assist in prosecuting him, as some people say?" asked the reporter.

"I have nothing to say," was the laconic reply.

Mr. Stewart, the young man's companion, was sure that the prisoner was Crandall.

"You are not looking well, Mr. Crandall," said, "I hope, though, you will soon be better."

"Thanks for your kind wishes. It seems to me I have seen you before, but I cannot recall you. What is your name?"

"Stewart," was the answer.

"Stewart! Stewart! It seems to me I have heard that name and seen your face, but where I heard it and saw it, I cannot tell," suggested Mr. Stewart.

"Left where? Los Angeles?" asked the prisoner.

"Here in Buffalo," said Mr. Stewart.

The prisoner made no reply.

Police Commissioners Churchyard and Higgins took a look at the man. The former knew Crandall well in days gone by and identified him positively.

"He has changed," said Mr. Churchyard. "but he is Crandall from head to foot. I cannot be mistaken."

Then the reporters were invited to see the prisoner.

"How do you do, Mr. Crandall?" asked the Times man, but the old man made no reply.

Then he was asked to make a statement for the press. He replied: "I asked the chief to have you sent in, because the reporters out West complained that they hadn't been allowed to see me, and I didn't want the officials to be blamed by the re-

porters here. What I want to say is this: I have been sick for some time and am now completely exhausted after traveling, and I don't feel able to have any talk with you now. That is about all I have to say."

"Do you still deny that your name is Crandall?"

"I have nothing to say about that, nor have I spoken to any one and shall not until I've consulted with a lawyer."

"Have you engaged counsel?"

"I have told you that I do not care to answer such questions."

This ended the interview and Crandall was taken upstairs and placed in a cell. After he was gone Superintendent Morgan sternly said:

"I feel convinced it is Crandall. I won't admit it."

"He admitted to me that he had been living in Los Angeles since November, 1886, under the name of Bryant B. Wilson, but denied all knowledge of his true name. Mrs. Rowland, I asked him if he saw Mr. Shirret in Los Angeles some years ago and he forgot himself for a moment and replied: 'He may have seen me, but I did not see him.'"

"Another slip occurred when I asked him if his wife had sent him any of the insurance money. 'No, never a cent,' he replied, 'if she had I would not have been in a pauper hospital.'"

### CRANDALL'S FIRST INTERVIEW.

#### He Positively Refused to Acknowledge that He is the Man.

The Buffalo Times reporter also interviewed Crandall the morning after his arrival, with the following result:

"How are you feeling this morning, Mr. Crandall?" asked a Times reporter.

"Very poorly," was the reply.

"Do you wish to see your wife, Mrs. Crandall, today?" asked the reporter.

"I don't want to see anybody. I am ill and want to be left alone. I don't want to be discourteous, but I don't want to be interviewed."

"But wouldn't you like to have a talk with Mrs. Crandall and your boy?" was asked.

"Not today, at any rate," he replied.

"I suppose you were glad to see the old friends that have called on you?"

"Oh, I ought to be glad to see anybody that takes an interest in me so far from home."

"You recognized a great many old acquaintances among those who have called on you?" was asked.

Crandall nodded his head affirmatively in an involuntary way for a moment, and then, recollecting himself, shook his head and said "No."

"Have you retained an attorney yet?"

"I have not. I may and I may not need one. Who knows?"

"If you are not, Mr. Crandall, why don't you identify yourself as Wilson?"

"My lawyer says for me to keep quiet and I intend to do so. I have nothing more to say."

"You are looking rather ill," remarked the reporter.

"My physician at Los Angeles says I have Bright's disease," was the answer.

### THE IDENTIFICATION.

#### Old Acquaintances Recognized Him on First Night.

The Times also gives the following details as to Crandall's identification:

Dozens of people who had formerly known Crandall called at police headquarters this morning to get a look at him. Among them was Dr. S. S. Green, the old family physician. Dr. Green took a good look at him before Crandall perceived him. Dr. Green then took him by the hand and shook it heartily while he called Crandall by name.

Crandall returned the pressure of the hand, but did not raise his eyes or give any other sign of recognition.

"You look ill," said Dr. Green, and then Crandall gave the same answer that he had to the reporter. Dr. Green then passed out of the room.

To a reporter the doctor said he was not sure that the man he had seen was Crandall. If he was he had changed very much. This man was thin and slight, while Crandall as he remembered him was portly, and could not have weighed less than 180 pounds. Still he thought it was his old client, but would not swear to it.

Nelson O. Tiffany, of the Western New York Masonic Life Association, was a visitor to headquarters at noon. In conversation with a Times reporter he said there is no doubt about the man's identity, and in fact I knew him last night at the railroad depot when I saw the back of his head. Five intimate friends of his identity this morning, and his wife is satisfied that he is the man. She has turned over in all to me as trustee for the companies interested about \$7000 in cash and real estate. There were quite a number of things Mrs. Crandall had purchased with the insurance money, such as household furniture, a piano, etc., which we will not disturb in the possession of. Out of the property in my hands I will pay the reward and the expenses involved in searching for and in bringing Crandall here, and divide the balance between the companies. The expenses amount to about \$1500. The companies and associations which agreed to bring Crandall back and defray the expenses of the search were the Western New York Masonic Life Association, my company, the A.O.U.W. and the Knights Templar. Of course we will not get more than a percentage on the amount of insurance paid when a division is made."

"Do you think Crandall can be convicted of crime under all the circumstances?"

"I do not care to venture an opinion. He was indicted for grand larceny and I presume the District Attorney thinks he has evidence to sustain the indictment."

"Of course it is Crandall," was the remark of Alderman Summers, after he had looked at the prisoner. "Didn't I live across the road from him for years? I have almost daily dealings with him! That's Crandall and no mistake."

Sealer of Weights and Measures Hillery also identified the man as Crandall. He too, was his neighbor and saw him several times a day for months.

William Aylisroyd was also there to see Crandall. He is an ex-druggist and now keeps the North Star road-house at Spring Brook, Erie county. In 1883 he operated the Box farm at Pine Hill on shares with Crandall who had leased it from the owner. He knows Crandall if anybody does, and says the man in custody is he. He got a good look at him, but did not seek an interview.

"I ought to know him," said Mr. Aylisroyd, "he owes me \$75 now. We had trouble enough over our partnership affairs."

"He and he owes me money for shoeing his horses," put in brawny Lee M. Coots, who accompanied the last speaker. "I had a shop near the Box farm and did all Crandall's blacksmith work. That's the old man and no mistake. No, I don't want to talk with him just yet, I will later on, though."

Others who took glimpses at the alleged Crandall were Comptroller Gavin, Eugene Rogers, A. S. Burghard, Alexander Sloan and Jacob Morgenstern. Every one of them except the latter was positive in his identification of the man as Crandall.

At 10 o'clock Crandall was removed to the jail in a coupe, in which Dr. Fowler and Detective Deah accompanied him. He had considerable difficulty in getting down the stairs, so weak he was, and was almost carried down in the arms of Detective Deah. Great difficulty was experienced in reaching the carriage, as the sidewalk was blocked with people the length of the building.

A very cheap material for tying up vines is No. 16 annealed wire, cut into the proper length, to go around the cane and stake, and both ends simply hooked into each other by a twist of the finger and thumb, which is done very quickly, more so than tying twine. It holds the vine very firmly, and is pruning in winter we simply unhook it, prune the vine and then use it again, pruning and tying at the same time. In our vineyard there is wire still which has been used for six years in succession. We thus save both time and money, quite an object when both are so scarce.











